=> d que

L2

20 SEA FILE-REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON (108-46-3/BI OR 110-87-2/BI OR 125748-07-4/BI OR 156281-11-7/BI OR 1927-95-3/BI OR 211427-64-4/BI OR 24424-99-5/BI OR 27955-94-8/BI OR 29654-55-5/BI OR 5001-18-3/BI OR 5292-43-3/BI OR 623-05-2/B I OR 65338-98-9/BI OR 683227-72-7/BI OR 683227-73-8/BI OR 683227-76-1/BI OR 675-07-0/BI OR 693227-75-0/BI OR 683227-76-1/BI OR 675-07-0/BI OR 99181-50-7/BI

L12

Page 1-A

Page 2-A

e[ym2m2m2m2m2s

Page 3-A VAR G1=10/37/65/70 VAR G2=83/89/93/98/101/107/113/120/84 NODE ATTRIBUTES: NSPEC IS RC AT 119 NSPEC IS RC AT 125 DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED GRAPH ATTRIBUTES: RSPEC I NUMBER OF NODES IS 117 STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE L14 33354 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SSS FUL L12 L18 STR t-Bu 083 CH2-CH2-O-CH2-CH3 G2 112 1.9 CH3 134 10 26 C----13 Å 16 C C 21 28 20 23 136 H3C **℃**CH3 135 36 G2 131 G2 132 CH~0~ 127

Page 2-A VAR G2=83/126/93/98/113/120 NODE ATTRIBUTES: NSPEC IS RC AT 119

10/531,208

NSPEC IS RC AT 125
DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM
DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

NUMBER OF NODES IS 62

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE 42 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SUB=L14 SSS FUL L18 L22 1 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON L2 AND C32 H32 O8/MF L28 39 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L20 177 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L22 1.29 T.30 19 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L28 AND PHOTOG?/SC,SX L31 39 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L28 OR L30 L33 26 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L29 AND (PHOTORESIST? OR PHOTO RESIST? OR LIGHTRESIST? OR LIGHT RESIST?) 19 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L33 AND (1840-2003)/PRY, AY L34 , PY L35 50 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L31 OR L34

=> fil hcap

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FILE LAST UPDATED: 17 Nov 2008 (20081117/ED)
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 ${\tt HCAplus}$ now includes complete International Patent Classification (IPC) reclassification data for the third quarter of 2008.

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=> d 135 1-50 ibib ed abs hitstr hitind

L35 ANSMER 1 OF 50 HCAPUUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
149:115490
TITLE:
Calix[4]resorcinarene derivatives as high-resolution resist materials for supercritical CO2 processing
AUTHOR(S):
Felix, Melson M.; De Silva, Anuja; Ober, Christopher K.

10/531.208

CORPORATE SOURCE: School of Chemical and Biomolecular Engineering, Cornell University, Ithaca, NY, 14853, USA

SOURCE: Advanced Materials (Weinheim, Germany) (2008),

20(7), 1303-1309

CODEN: ADVMEW; ISSN: 0935-9648

PUBLISHER: Wiley-VCH Verlag GmbH & Co. KGaA
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English
ED Entered STN: 05 May 2008

AB Ultra-high-resolution lithog. resists based on calix[4]resorcinarene derivs. are shown to be compatible with supercrit. CO2 processing upon the incorporation of specific functionalities, as illustrated by the inset to the figure. The compds. show high glass-transition temps., excellent solubility in supercrit. CO2, and good film forming properties, enabling the patterning of line/space features as small as 70 nm (depicted in the figure).

IT 250715-31-2

(calix[4]resorcinarene derivs. as high-resolution resist materials for supercrit. CO2 processing)

RN 250715-31-2 HCAPLUS

CN Carbonic acid, 2,8,14,20tetramethylpentacyclo[19.3.1.13,7.19,13.115,19]octacosa-1(25),3,5,7(28),9,11,13(27),15,17,19(26),21,23-dodecaene-

4,6,10,12,16,18,22,24-octayl octakis(1,1-dimethylethyl) ester (9CI)

(CA INDEX NAME)

CC 74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic

and Other Reprographic Processes)
65338-98-9 129831-85-2 176897-13-5 181231-12-9

250715-31-2 623159-14-8 649720-85-4 929207-68-1 929209-81-4 1034474-84-4 1034474-85-5 1034474-86-6

(calix[4]resorcinarene derivs. as high-resolution resist materials for supercrit. CO2 processing)

supercrit. CO2 processing)

REFERENCE COUNT: 36 THERE ARE 36 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE

RE FORMAT

L35 ANSWER 2 OF 50 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2007:1437481 HCAPLUS Full-text DOCUMENT NUMBER: 148:215389

TITLE: Synthesis of sta

Synthesis of star polymers via nitroxide mediated free-radical polymerization: a "core-first" approach using resorcinarene-based alkoxyamine

10/531.208

initiators

AUTHOR(S): Abraham, Sinoj; Choi, Jae Ho; Ha, Chang-Sik; Kim,

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Polymer Science and Engineering,

Pusan National University, Pusan, 609-735, S.

Korea

SOURCE: Journal of Polymer Science, Part A: Polymer

Chemistry (2007), 45(23), 5559-5572 CODEN: JPACEC: ISSN: 0887-624X

PUBLISHER: John Wiley & Sons, Inc.

Journal DOCUMENT TYPE: English LANGUAGE: Entered STN: 19 Dec 2007 ED

The synthesis of new octa-functional alkoxyamine initiators for nitroxide-AR mediated radical polymerization (NMRP), by the derivatization of resorcinarene with nitroxide free radicals viz TEMPO and a freshly prepared phosphonylated nitroxide, is described. The efficiency of these initiators toward the controlled radical polymerization of styrene and tert-Bu acrylate is studied in detail. Linear analogs of these multifunctional initiators were also

prepared to compare and evaluate their initiation efficiency. The favorable conditions for polymerization were optimized by varying the concentration of initiators and free nitroxides, reaction conditions, etc., to obtain welldefined star polymers. Star polystyrene thus obtained were further used as macro-initiator for the block copolymn. with tert-Bu acrylate.

1004992-69-17

(synthesis of octa-functional alkoxyamine initiators for nitroxide mediated radical polymerization of star polymers)

1004992-69-1 HCAPLUS RN

3,7-Dioxa-4-aza-6-phosphanonanoic acid,

4-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-6-ethoxy-2,5-dimethyl-,

1,1',1'',1''',1'''',1''''',1''''',1''''',1'''''-(2,8,14,20tetramethylpentacyclo[19.3.1.13,7.19,13.115,19]octacosa-

1(25), 3, 5, 7(28), 9, 11, 13(27), 15, 17, 19(26), 21, 23-dodecaene-

4.6.10.12.26.18.22.24-octavl) ester.

PAGE 2-A

CC 35-4 (Chemistry of Synthetic High Polymers)

IT 1004992-66-8P 1004992-67-9P 1004992-68-0P 1004992-69-1P

(synthesis of octa-functional alkoxyamine initiators for nitroxide

mediated radical polymerization of star polymers)
REFERENCE COUNT: 83 THERE ARE 83 CITED REFEREN

REFERENCE COUNT: 83 THERE ARE 83 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L35 ANSWER 3 OF 50 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2007:1419164 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 148:249962

TITLE: Characterization and Lithographic Application of Calix[4]resorcinarene Derivatives

AUTHOR(S): Ito, Hiroshi; Nakayama, Tomonari; Sherwood, Mark;

Miller, Dolores, Ueda, Mitsuru

CORPORATE SOURCE: Almaden Research Center, IBM, San Jose, CA, 95120,

SOURCE: Chemistry of Materials (2008), 20(1), 341-356

CODEN: CMATEX: ISSN: 0897-4756

PUBLISHER: American Chemical Society

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English
ED Entered STN: 13 Dec 2007

AB Calix[4]resorcinarenes were prepared by the condensation of resorcinol and aldehydes (acetaldehyde, benzaldehyde, and 4-isopropylbenzaldehyde), and two isomers, C4v (ccc) and C2v (ctt), were separated by fractional crystallization. The products were characterized by NNR and FTIR, and their dissoln. rate in aqueous base was measured. The eight hydroxyl groups of the calix[4]resorcinarenes were protected with acid labile t-butoxycarbonyl and tert-butoxycarbonylmethyl. The protected calixarenes were thoroughly characterized by differential scanning calorimetry, FTIR, and variable-temperature IH and 13C NNR. Their interaction with 4-isopropylphenol through hydrogen bonding was investigated by 13C NNR and correlated with their inhibition effect of dissoln. of poly(4-hydroxystyrene-co-t-Bu acrylate) in an aqueous base, as studied by quartz crystal microbalance. Finally, the protected calixarenes were employed as a dissoln. inhibitor of

poly(hydroxystyrene)-based deep-UV and electron-beam chemical amplification resists to improve their contrast and performance.

IT 246023-01-8P 246023-03-0P 1005507-61-8P

1005507-62-92

(protected isomer; characterization of calix[4]resorcinarenes prepared by condensation of resorcinol and aldehydes for applications as dissoln. inhibitors in lithou, resists)

RN 246023-01-8 HCAPLUS

4,6,10,12,16,18,22,24-octayl)
C,C',C'',C''',C'''',C''''',C'''''',C'''''-octakis(1,1-dimethylethyl)
ester (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.

- RN 246023-03-0 HCAPLUS

Relative stereochemistry.

RN 1005507-61-8 HCAPLUS

Relative stereochemistry.

RN 1005507-62-9 HCAPLUS

Relative stereochemistry.

CC 74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)

IT 246023-01-8p 246023-03-0p 1005507-61-8p

1005507-62-9F 1005507-63-0P 1005507-64-1P 1005507-65-2P 1005507-66-3P 1005507-67-4P 1005507-68-5P 1005507-69-6P 1005507-70-9P 1005763-71-2P 1005763-72-3P

(protected isomer; characterization of calix[4]resorcinarenes

prepared by condensation of resorcinol and aldehydes for applications as dissoln, inhibitors in lithog, resists)

REFERENCE COUNT: 100 THERE ARE 100 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR

REFERENCE COUNT: 100 THERE ARE 100 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FO.
THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE
RE FORMAT

L35 ANSWER 4 OF 50 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2007:593863 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 146:531198

TITLE: Molecular photoresist

INVENTOR(S): Roberts, Jeanette M.; Cao, Heidi B.; Yueh, Wang PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): USA

SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 8pp.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 20070122734	A1	20070531	US 2005-273667	20051114
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 2005-273667	20051114

ED Entered STN: 01 Jun 2007

AB In one embodiment, a photoacid generator is attached to a primary resist mol. having a radius of gyration of less than about 3 nm, the primary mol. other than a traditional photoresist polymer. This embodiment may have increased homogeneity and decreased acid diffusion, which may increase the sensitivity of the resist and decrease line width roughness.

IT 936831-21-9

(mol. photoresist)

936831-21-9 HCAPLUS RN

CN Sulfonium, dimethylphenyl-, salt with 6,10,12,16,22,24-hexakis[[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]oxy]-2,8,14,20tetramethyl-18-(1,1,2,2-tetrafluoro-2-

sulfoethoxy)pentacyclo[19.3.1.13,7.19,13.115,19]octacosa-1(25), 3, 5, 7(28), 9, 11, 13(27), 15, 17, 19(26), 21, 23-dodecaen-4-yl 2-phenyl-1H-benzimidazole-1-carboxylate (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM

CRN 936831-20-8

CMF C78 H87 F4 N2 O24 S

CM 2

CRN 45694-57-3

CMF C8 H11 S

INCL 430270100

74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic

and Other Reprographic Processes)

ΤТ 936831-31-9

(mol. photoresist)

L35 ANSWER 5 OF 50 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2007:453613 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 148:284889

TITLE: Synthesis and some properties of

tetrakis-3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxybenzylated

calix[4]resorcinols

AUTHOR(S): Kasymova, E. M.; Burilov, A. R.; Mukmeneva, N. A.;

Bukharov, S. V.; Nugumanova, G. N.; Pudovik, M. A.; Chernova, A. V.; Shaqidullin, R. R.;

10/531.208

Konovalov, A. I.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Arbuzov Institute of Organic and Physical

Chemistry, Kazan Research Center, Russian Academy

of Sciences, Kazan, Tatarstan, 420088, Russia Russian Journal of General Chemistry (2007),

77(3), 458-468

CODEN: RJGCEK; ISSN: 1070-3632

PUBLISHER: Pleiades Publishing, Ltd.
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

ED Entered STN: 25 Apr 2007

AB A method for the synthesis of new calix[4]resorcinol tetra-3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxybenzyl derivs. is developed. Their interaction with methyldichlorophosphonate, dimethyldichlorosilane in the presence of a base leads to formation of organophosphorus-organosilicon cavitands. Acetylation of hydroxybenzylated calix[4]resorcinols with acetic anhydride leads to products of either incomplete or full acetylation depending on exptl.

conditions. IT 503529-24-6P

SOURCE:

(synthesis and some properties of

tetrakis-3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxybenzylated calix[4]resorcinols)

RN 503529-24-6 HCAPLUS

CN Pentacyclo[19.3.1.13,7.19,13.115,19]octacosa-

1(25),3,5,7(28),9,11,13(27),15,17,19(26),21,23-dodecaene-4,6,10,12,16,18,22,24-octol, 5,11,17,23-tetrakis[[3,5-bis(1,1-

dimethylethyl)-4-hydroxyphenyl]methyl]-2,8,14,20-tetramethyl- (CA

INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 2-A

IT 1008753-97-6P 1008754-00-4P 1008754-04-8P

(synthesis and some properties of

tetrakis-3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxybenzylated calix[4]resorcinols)

RN 1008753-97-6 HCAPLUS

CN Phenol, 4,4',4'',4'',-[12,8,14,20-tetramethyl-4,6,10,12,16,18,22,24-octakis[(trimethylsilyl)oxy]pentacycio[19.3.1.13,7.19,13.115,19]octacosa-1(25),3,5,7(28),9,11,13(27),15,17,19(26),21,23-dodecaene-5,11,17,23-tetraylletrakis[methylene)]tetrakis[2,6-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)- (CAINDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{Me}_3\text{Si} = 0 \\ \text{Ho} \\ \text{Ho} \\ \text{Ho} \\ \text{Ho} \\ \text{Ho} \\ \text{Si} = 0 \\ \text{Me}_3\text{Si} = 0 \\ \text{Me}_3\text{Si$$

PAGE 2-A

10/531.208

CN Pentacyclo[19.3.1.13,7.19,13.115,19]octacosa-1(25),3,5,7(28),9,11,13(27),15,17,19(26),21,23-dodecaene-4,6,10,12,16,18,22,24-octol,5,11,17,23-tetrakis[3,5-bis(1,1dimethylethyl)-4-hydroxyphenyl]methyl]-2,8,14,20-tetramethyl-, 4,6,10,12,16,18,22,24-octacaetate (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 2-A

- RN 1008754-04-8 HCAPLUS
- CN Pentacyclo[19.3.1.13,7.19,13.115,19]octacosa1(25),3,5,7(28),9,11,13(27),15,17,19(26),21,23-dodecaene4,6,10,12,16,18,22,24-octol, 5,11,17,23-tetrakis[[4-(acetyloxy)-3,5-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)]phenyl|methyl]-2,8,14,20-tetramethyl-,
 4,6,10,12,16,18,22,24-octaacetate (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

```
25-29 (Benzene, Its Derivatives, and Condensed Benzenoid Compounds)
ΙT
     503529-24-6P 1008753-85-2P 1008753-86-3P
                                                   1008753-87-4P
     1008753-93-2P 1008753-94-3P
                                    1008753-96-5P
        (synthesis and some properties of
        tetrakis-3,5-di-tert-butvl-4-hvdroxybenzylated calix(4)resorcinols)
     72145-02-9P
                 1008753-88-5P
                                  1008753-89-6P
                                                  1008753-90-9P
TT
     1008753-92-1P
                    1008753-95-4P 1008753-97-6P
                                                   1008753-98-7P
     1008753-99-8P 1008754-00-4P
                                  1008754-01-5P
                                                   1008754-02-6P
     1008754-03-7P 1008754-04-8P
                                                   1008754-06-0P
                                  1008754-05-9P
        (synthesis and some properties of
```

tetrakis-3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxybenzylated calix[4]resorcinols)
REFERENCE COUNT: 17 THERE ARE 17 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR
THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE
RE FORMAT

L35 ANSWER 6 OF 50 HCAPUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
146:251593
TITLE:
AUTHOR(S):
Luostarinen, Minna; Nissinen, Maija; Nieger,
Martin; Shivanyuk, Alexander; Rissanen, Kari
CORPORATE SOURCE:
Nanoscience Center, Department of Chemistry,
University of Jyvaskyla, Jyvaskyla, FIN-40014 JYU,

10/531.208

Finland

SOURCE: Tetrahedron (2006), Volume Date 2007, 63(5),

1254-1263 CODEN: TETRAB; ISSN: 0040-4020

PUBLISHER: Elsevier Ltd.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 146:251593

ED Entered STN: 02 Jan 2007

AB The acid catalyzed hydrolytic cleavage of the oxazine rings in the readily available tetraoxazine derivs. of resorcinarenes results in tetraaminoresorcinarenes. A similar process applied to C2-sym. bisoxazine resorcinarene tetratosylates affords C2V-sym. resorcinarenediamines. The mild acylation of these resorcinareneamines with BOC-anhydride or para-nitrophenyl ester proceeds selectively at the nitrogen atoms without affecting the hydroxyl groups. Most of the resulting resorcinareneamides are thus obtained in preparative yields and can be easily purified by simple crystns. In the crystalline state the compds. obtained are found to bind chloride anions through hydrogen bonds and electrostatic interactions and to display a chiral arrangement of hydrogen bonded functional groups at the wide rim of the

macrocycle. IT 926033-21-8P

(preparation of protected aminoresorcinarenes via regioselective acylation of di- or tetra-amino resorcinarenes)

RN 926033-21-8 HCAPLUS

CN Carbamic acid, N,N',N'',N'''-[[(2R,8S,14R,20S)-4,6,10,12,16,18,22,24-octahydroxy-2,8,14,20-tetramethylpentacyclo[19.3.1.13,7.19,13.115,19]octacosa-

1(25), 3, 5, 7(28), 9, 11, 13(27), 15, 17, 19(26), 21, 23-dodecaene-5, 11, 17, 23-

 $\verb|tetrayl| | \verb|tetrakis| (methylene)| | \verb|tetrakis| | \verb|N-butyl-|,$

C,C',C'',C'''-tetrakis(1,1-dimethylethyl) ester, rel- (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 2-A

t-Bu0 PAGE 3-A

IT 926033-22-9P 926033-31-0P

(preparation of protected aminoresorcinarenes via regioselective acvlation of di- or tetra-amino resorcinarenes)

RN 926033-22-9 HCAPLUS

CN

Carbamic acid, N,N',N'',N'''-[[(2R,8S,14R,20S)-4,6,10,12,16,18,22,24-octahydroxy-2,8,14,20-tetramethylpentacyclo[19,3.1.13,7.19,13.115,19]octacosa-1(25),3,5,7(28),9,11,13(27),15,17,19(26),21,23-dodecaene-5,11,17,23-tetrayl]tetrakis(methylene)]tetrakis[N-cyclohexyl-,C,'C,'C',''-tetrakis(1,1-dimethylethyl) ester, rel- (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.

10/531,208

CN Carbamic acid, N,N',N'', N'''-[[(2R,8S,14R,20S)-4,6,10,12,16,18,22,24-octakis(acetyloxy)-2,8,14,20-tetramethylpentacyclo[19,3,1.13,7.19,13.115,19]octacosa-1(25),3,5,7(28),9,11,13(27),15,17,19(26),21,23-dodecaene-5,11,17,23-

tetrayl]tetrakis(methylene)]tetrakis[N-butyl-, C,C',C'',C'''-tetrakis(1,1-dimethylethyl) ester, rel- (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 3-A

t-Buo/

```
CC 25-29 (Benzene, Its Derivatives, and Condensed Benzenoid Compounds)
    Section cross-reference(s): 75
TT
    154581-47-2P 163273-97-0P 194665-14-0P 205992-59-2P
     205992-62-7P 321659-54-5P 321659-56-7P 888223-68-5P
    888223-69-6P 926033-12-7P 926033-13-8P 926033-14-9P 926033-15-0P 926033-16-1P 926033-17-2P 926033-18-3P
     926033-19-4P 926033-20-7P 926033-21-8P 926033-23-0P
     926033-27-4P 926033-28-5P 926033-36-5P
        (preparation of protected aminoresorcinarenes via regioselective
        acylation of di- or tetra-amino resorcinarenes)
    926033-22-9P 926033-24-1P 926033-25-2P 926033-26-3P
     926033-29-6P 926033-30-9P 926033-31-0P 926033-32-1P
     926033-33-2P 926033-34-3P 926033-38-7P 926033-39-8P
     926033-40-1P
        (preparation of protected aminoresorcinarenes via regioselective
        acvlation of di- or tetra-amino resorcinarenes)
REFERENCE COUNT:
                         48
                               THERE ARE 48 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR
                               THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE
                               RE FORMAT
L35 ANSWER 7 OF 50 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                        2006:1198321 HCAPLUS Full-text
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                        146:184110
TITLE:
                        Host-quest complexation behavior of resorcinarenes
                        with tetraalkylammonium ions and
                        N-methylpyridinium ions in methanol: the effect of
                        bulky hydrophobic substituents at the
                        extra-annular positions
                        Morikawa, Osamu; Yamaguchi, Hiroshi; Katsube,
AUTHOR(S):
                        Yoshiko; Abe, Kazuyuki; Kobayashi, Kazuhiro;
                        Konishi, Hisatoshi
CORPORATE SOURCE:
                        Department of Materials Science, Tottori
                        University, Tottori, Japan
SOURCE:
                        Phosphorus, Sulfur and Silicon and the Related
                        Elements (2006), 181(12), 2877-2886
                        CODEN: PSSLEC; ISSN: 1042-6507
PUBLISHER:
                        Taylor & Francis, Inc.
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                        Journal
LANGUAGE:
                        English
ED
   Entered STN: 15 Nov 2006
AB
     The host-quest interaction of C-methylresorcin[4] arene and its derivative
     having four tert-butylsulfanylmethyl groups at the extra-annular positions was
     studied by 1H NMR spectroscopy in CD30D. Based on the association consts.
     (Ka) and the complexation-induced NMR shifts (CIS), it was concluded that the
```

size and shape selectivity. 921192-06-5 921192-10-1 921192-12-3

> (formation constant; effect of bulky hydrophobic substituents at the extra-annular positions on host-quest complexation of

bulky substituents create a deep cavity with a narrow entrance and improve the

resorcinarenes with quaternary ammonium and N-methylpyridinium ions in methanol)

921192-06-5 HCAPLUS

CN Methanaminium, N,N,N-trimethyl-, bromide, compd. with stereoisomer of 5,11,17,23-tetrakis[[(1,1-dimethylethyl)thio]methyl]-2,8,14,20-

10/531,208

tetramethylpentacyclo[19.3.1.13,7.19,13.115,19]octacosa-1(25),3,5,7(28),9,11,13(27),15,17,19(26),21,23-dodecaene-4,6,10,12,16,18,22,24-octol (1:1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM

CRN 185853-98-9 CMF C52 H72 O8 S4

Relative stereochemistry.

CM 2

CRN 64-20-0

CMF C4 H12 N . Br

Br-

CN Pyridinium, 1-methyl-, iodide, compd. with stereoisomer of
5,11,17,23-tetrakis[(1,1-dimethylethyl)thio]methyll-2,8,14,20tetramethylpentacyclo[19.3.1.13,7.19,13.115,19]octacosa1(25),3,5,7(28),9,11,13(27),15,17,19(26),21,23-dodecaene4,6,10,12,16,18,22,24-octol (1:1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 921192-10-1 HCAPLUS

CM 1

CRN 185853-98-9 CMF C52 H72 O8 S4

Relative stereochemistry.

CM 2

CRN 930-73-4

CMF C6 H8 N . I



● I ·

RN 921192-12-3 HCAPLUS

CN Pyridinium, 4-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-1-methyl-, iodide, compd. with stereoisomer of 5,11,17,23-tetrakis[[(1,1-dimethylethyl)thio]methyl]-2,8,14,20-tetramethylpentacyclo[19,3.1.13,7.19,13.115,19]octacosa-1(25),3,5,7(28),9,11,13(27),15,17,19(26),21,23-dodecaene-4,6,10,12,16,18,22,24-octol (1:1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 185853-98-9

CMF C52 H72 O8 S4

Relative stereochemistry.

CM 2

CRN 64326-91-6 CMF C10 H16 N . I

Me

■ T·

CC 22-12 (Physical Organic Chemistry)

T 921192-04-3 921192-05-4 921192-06-5 921192-07-6 921192-08-7 921192-09-8 921192-10-1 921192-11-2

26

921192-12-3

(formation constant; effect of bulky hydrophobic substituents at the extra-annular positions on host-guest complexation of resorcinarenes with quaternary ammonium and N-methylpyridinium ions in methanol)

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 26 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

10/531,208

L35 ANSWER 8 OF 50 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006:976209 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 145:356530

TITLE: Process for preparation of calix resorcin arenes

INVENTOR(S): Nishikubo, Tadaomi; Kudo, Hiroto
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Jsr Ltd., Japan; Kanagawa University

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 27pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2006248979 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:	A	20060921	JP 2005-67517 JP 2005-67517	20050310 20050310

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 145:356530

ED Entered STN: 21 Sep 2006

AB This invention pertains to a method for producing calix resorcin arenes having photoreactive groups in the side chain, which comprises reacting resorcinol with an aldehyde compound catalyzed by acid. The aldehyde can be paraaldehyde, 4-hydroxybenzaldehyde, etc. The hydroxy groups can be functionalized further to induce photoreactive groups.

IT 910048-14-5P 910048-15-6P 910048-17-8P

910048-18-9P

(preparation of calix resorcin arenes)

RN 910048-14-5 HCAPLUS CN Methanone, [(2,8,14,20-

tetramethylpentacyclo[19.3.1.13,7.19,13.115,19]octacosa-

1(25),3,5,7(28),9,11,13(27),15,17,19(26),21,23-dodecaene-4,6,10,12,16,18,22,24-octayl)octakis[oxy(2-hydroxy-3,1-propanediyl)oxy-

4,1-phenylene]]octakis[(3-phenylbicyclo[2.2.1]hepta-2,5-dien-2-yl)-

(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



$$-\lim_{\mathbb{Q}^{n}}$$

PAGE 5-A

PAGE 6-A

RN 910048-15-6 HCAPLUS

N PAGE 1-B

- RN 910048-17-8 HCAPLUS
- CN 2-Propenoic acid, 3-(4-methoxyphenyl)-, (2,8,14,20-tetramethylpentacyclo[19.3.1.13,7.19,13.115,19]octacosa-1(25),3,5,7(28),9,11,13(27),15,17,19(26),21,23-dodecaene-4,6,10,12,16,18,22,24-octayl)octakis[oxy(2-hydroxy-3,1-propanediyl)] ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)





PAGE 3-A

PAGE 4-A

PAGE 5-A

RN 910048-18-9 HCAPLUS
CN 2-Propen-1-one, 1,1',1'',1''',1'''',1'''',1'''',1'''',1'''',1'''',1''''[(2,8,14,20-tetramethylpentacyclo[19.3.1.13,7.19,13.115,19]octacosa1(25),3,5,7(28),9,11,13(27),15,17,19(26),21,23-dodecaene-

4,6,10,12,16,18,22,24-octay1)octakis[oxy(2-hydroxy-3,1-propanediy1)oxy-4,1-phenylene]]octakis[3-phenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-B

PAGE 5-A

CC 25-29 (Benzene, Its Derivatives, and Condensed Benzenoid Compounds)

IT 910048-14-5P 910048-15-6P 910048-16-7P 910048-17-8P 910048-18-9P 910048-19-0P

910130-83-5P 910130-89-1P 910130-90-4P 910130-95-9P 910131-23-6P 910131-36-1P 910131-65-6P

(preparation of calix resorcin arenes)

L35 ANSWER 9 OF 50 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:1073924 HCAPLUS Full-text DOCUMENT NUMBER: 143:348272

TITLE: Cyclic aminophenols, cyclic thermosetting resins from them, their manufacture, and uses as

electrically insulating films for semiconductor

devices

INVENTOR(S): Matsutani, Misako; Enoki, Naoshi
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Sumitomo Bakelite Co., Ltd., Japan
SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 38 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

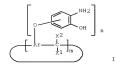
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2005272352	A	20051006	JP 2004-88001	20040324
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2004-88001	20040324

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 143:348272

ED Entered STN: 07 Oct 2005

GI



AB The resins are manufactured by amidation of cyclic aminophenols, such as I (Ar armatic group; XI, X2 = H, aliphatic group, aromatic group, sulfonyl group; m = 3-20; n = 1-3), with carboxylic acid halides or esters. The resins are useful for interlayer insulator films or protective layers for semiconductor devices. Thus, a varnish containing 2,8,14,20-tetramethyl-4,6,10,12,16,18,22,24-octakis(4-benzoylamino-3-

hydroxyphenoxy) calixresorcarene was applied on a Si wafer and heated to give a benzoxazole film showing relative permittivity 2.88, heat resistance 574°, Tg >450°, water absorption 0.28, and elastic modulus 5.7 GPa.

IT 865721-51-3P, 2,8,14,20-Tetramethyl-4,6,10,12,16,18,22,24-

octakis(4-nitro-3-benzyloxyphenoxy)calix[4]resorcinarene

(manufacture of cyclic amidophenol-based thermosetting resins for elec. insulating films for semiconductor devices)

865721-51-3 HCAPLUS

RN

CN Pentacyclo[19.3.1.13,7.19,13.115,19]octacosa-

1(25),3,5,7(28),9,11,13(27),15,17,19(26),21,23-dodecaene,

2,8,14,20-tetramethyl-4,6,10,12,16,18,22,24-octakis[4-nitro-3-(phenylmethoxy)phenoxy]- (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 2-A

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ICM C07C217-90

ICS C08G061-02; H01L021-312

38-3 (Plastics Fabrication and Uses)

Section cross-reference(s): 25, 37, 76

65338-98-9P, 2,8,14,20-Tetramethylcalix[4]resorcinarene 129831-85-2P, 2,8,14,20-Tetraphenylcalix[4]resorcinarene

865721-51-3P, 2,8,14,20-Tetramethyl-4,6,10,12,16,18,22,24-

octakis(4-nitro-3-benzyloxyphenoxy)calix[4]resorcinarene

865721-52-4P, 2,8,14,20-Tetramethyl-4,6,10,12,16,18,22,24-octakis(4-

amino-3-hydroxyphenoxy)calix[4]resorcinarene 865721-53-5P,

2,8,14,20-Tetramethyl-4,6,10,12,16,18,22,24-octakis(4-benzoylamino-3-

hydroxyphenoxy)calix[4]resorcinarene 865721-54-6P,

2,8,14,20-Tetraphenyl-4,6,10,12,16,18,22,24-octakis(4-nitro-3-

benzyloxyphenoxy)calixresorcarene 865721-55-7P,

2,8,14,20-Tetraphenyl-4,6,10,12,16,18,22,24-octakis(4-amino-3-

hydroxyphenoxy)calix[4]resorcinarene 865721-56-8P, 2,8,14,20-Tetraphenyl-4,6,10,12,16,18,22,24-octakis[4-(4-

phenylethynyl) benzoylamino-3-hydroxyphenoxy) calix[4]resorcinarene

865721-57-9P, 5,11,17,23-Tetrakis(1,1-dimethylethyl)-25,26,27,28-

tetrakis(4-nitro-3-benzyloxyphenoxy)calix[4]arene 865721-58-0P, 5,11,17,23-Tetrakis(1,1-dimethylethyl)-25,26,27,28-tetrakis(4-amino-3-

hydroxyphenoxy)calix[4]arene 865721-59-1P.

5,11,17,23-Tetrakis(1,1-dimethylethyl)-25,26,27,28-tetrakis(4-(4-

phenylethynyl)benzoylamino-3-hydroxyphenoxy]calix[4]arene

865721-60-4P, 5,11,17,23,29,35-Hexa(1,1-dimethylethyl)-

37,38,39,40,41,42-hexa(4-nitro-3-benzyloxyphenoxy)calix[6]arene

865721-61-5P, 5,11,17,23,29,35-Hexa(1,1-dimethylethyl)-37,38,39,40,41,42-hexa(4-amino-3-hydroxyphenoxy)calix[6]arene

865721-63-7P, 5,11,17,23,29,35-Hexa(1,1-dimethylethyl)-

37,38,39,40,41,42-hexa[4-(4-phenylethynyl)benzoylamino-3-

hydroxyphenoxy]calix[6]arene

(manufacture of cyclic amidophenol-based thermosetting resins for elec. insulating films for semiconductor devices)

L35 ANSWER 10 OF 50 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:253630 HCAPLUS Full-text DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:345148 TITLE: Photoresist, its purification and

photoresist composition showing improved

10/531,208

sensitivity, contrast, and line-edge-roughness to

extreme UV

INVENTOR(S): Ueda, Mitsuru; Ishii, Hirohisa PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Idemitsu Kosan Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 32 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2005075767	A	20050324	JP 2003-307443	20030829
			<	
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2003-307443	20030829
			<	

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 142:345148

ED Entered STN: 24 Mar 2005

GI



- AB The title photoresist comprises an extreme UV light-reactive organic compound represented by I (A = Cl-50-aliphatic, C6-50-aromatic, etc.; B, C, D = extreme UV light-reactive group-containing Cl-50-aliphatic, C6-50-aromatic, etc.; X, Y, Z = single bond, ether linkage; l, m, n = 0-5) and S10 ppm of basic impurities. The chemical amplified photoresist composition is sensitive to extreme UV and electron beam.
- IT 65338-98-9P

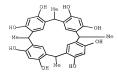
(photoresist preparation; photoresist, its purification and photoresist composition showing improved sensitivity, contrast, and line-edge-roughness to extreme UV)

RN 65338-98-9 HCAPLUS

CN Pentacyclo[19.3.1.13,7.19,13.115,19]octacosa-

1(25), 3, 5, 7(28), 9, 11, 13(27), 15, 17, 19(26), 21, 23-dodecaene-

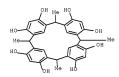
4,6,10,12,16,18,22,24-octol, 2,8,14,20-tetramethyl- (CA INDEX NAME)



IT 65338-96-9DP, reaction product with tert-Butylbromoacetate (photoresist preparation; photoresist, its purification and photoresist composition showing improved sensitivity, contrast, and line-edge-roughness to extreme UV)

RN 65338-98-9 HCAPLUS

CN Pentacyclo[19.3.1.13,7.19,13.115,19]octacosa-1(25),3,5,7(28),9,11,13(27),15,17,19(26),21,23-dodecaene-4,6,10,12,16,18,22,24-octol, 2,8,14,20-tetramethyl- (CA INDEX NAME)



IC ICM C07C069-736

ICS C07C067-56; G03F007-004; G03F007-039; H01L021-027

CC 74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)

Section cross-reference(s): 38, 73, 76

ST photoresist purifn compn extreme UV lithog

IT Photoresists

(photoresist, its purification and photoresist composition showing improved sensitivity, contrast, and line-edge-roughness to extreme UV)

IT 282713-83-1

(photoacid generator; photoresist, its purification and photoresist composition showing improved sensitivity, contrast, and line-edge-roughness to extreme UV)

IT 75-07-0, Acetaldehyde, reactions 108-46-3, Resorcinol, reactions 5292-43-3D, tert-Butylbromoacetate, reaction products with C-Methylcalix[4]resorcinarene.

> (photoresist preparation; photoresist, its purification and photoresist composition showing improved sensitivity, contrast, and line-edge-roughness to extreme UV)

IT 65338-98-9P

(photoresist preparation; photoresist, its purification and photoresist composition showing improved sensitivity,

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10/531,208
        contrast, and line-edge-roughness to extreme UV)
    55338-98-9DP, reaction product with tert-Butylbromoacetate
        (photoresist preparation; photoresist, its purification
        and photoresist composition showing improved sensitivity,
        contrast, and line-edge-roughness to extreme UV)
     24203-36-9, Potassium ion, processes
        (photoresist, its purification and photoresist
        composition showing improved sensitivity, contrast, and
        line-edge-roughness to extreme UV)
     97-64-3, Ethvl lactate 109-86-4, 2-Methoxyethanol
        (solvent; photoresist, its purification and
        photogesist composition showing improved sensitivity, contrast,
        and line-edge-roughness to extreme UV)
L35 ANSWER 11 OF 50 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                        2005:155282 HCAPLUS Full-text
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                        142:219404
TITLE:
                        New aspects in the chemistry of perphosphorylated
                        calix[4]resorcinarenes
AUTHOR(S):
                        Nifantyev, Eduard E.; Maslennikova, Vera I.;
                        Habicher, Wolf D.; Serkova, Olga S.; Guzova,
                        Tatyana A.
CORPORATE SOURCE:
                        Moscow Pedagogical State University, Moscow,
                        119021, Russia
                        ARKIVOC (Gainesville, FL, United States) (2004),
SOURCE:
                         (12), 23-37
                        CODEN: AGFUAR
                        URL:
                        http://www.arkat-usa.org/ark/journal/2004/I12_Kono
                        valov/AK-1168A/AK-1168A.pdf
PUBLISHER:
                        Arkat USA Inc.
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                        Journal: (online computer file)
LANGUAGE:
                        English
                        CASREACT 142:219404
OTHER SOURCE(S):
ED
   Entered STN: 24 Feb 2005
     Interaction between calix[4]resorcinarenes and 2-amino-1,3,2-
AB
     diheterophosphorinanes resulted in sterically pure polyphosphocyclic
     conjugates. The structure of which was supported by NMR spectroscopy and x-
     ray diffraction anal. The possibility of further modification of
     perphosphorylated resorcinarenes was studied. It was shown that compds.
     containing t-Bu-N groups at the phosphorus atoms do not enter into reactions
     increasing the coordination number of phosphorus because of steric hindrance.
     Sterically less hindered phosphoresorcinarenes readily add sulfur, oxygen, and
     form octanuclear and chelate complexes with transition metals (Mo and Pd,
     resp.).
     835909-38-18
ΙT
```

(preparation, oxidation, and complexation reactions of perphosphorylated

calixresorcinarenes)

Relative stereochemistry.

29-13 (Organometallic and Organometalloidal Compounds) Section cross-reference(s): 78

835909-38-1P 835909-39-2P 835909-40-5P 835909-43-8P 835909-44-9P 835909-45-0P 840528-83-8P 840528-84-9P 840528-85-0P 840528-86-1P 840528-87-2P 840528-88-3P

840528-89-4P 840528-90-7P 840528-91-8P

(preparation, oxidation, and complexation reactions of perphosphorylated calixresorcinarenes)

REFERENCE COUNT: THERE ARE 23 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD, ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE

RE FORMAT

L35 ANSWER 12 OF 50 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:1101369 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:198147

TITLE: Synthesis and conformation analysis of new

perphosphorylated calix[4]resorcinarenes

AUTHOR(S): Maslennikova, Vera I.; Serkova, Olga S.; Gruner, Marget; Goutal, Sigrid; Bauer, Ingmar; Habicher,

Wolf D.; Lyssenko, Konstantin A.; Antipin, Mikhail Yu.; Nifantyev, Eduard E.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Moscow Pedagogical State University, Moscow,

119021, Russia

SOURCE . European Journal of Organic Chemistry (2004), (23), 4884-4893

CODEN: EJOCFK; ISSN: 1434-193X PUBLISHER: Wiley-VCH Verlag GmbH & Co. KGaA

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 142:198147

Entered STN: 21 Dec 2004

AB Octaphosphorylation of calix[4]resorcinarenes by 2-dialkylamino-1,3,2diheterophosphorinanes is described, and the effect of different factors on the structures of the resulting perphosphorylated products (e.g., I, R = CH3) was studied. Conformation anal. of these compds. by correlated 2D NMR spectroscopy and X-ray diffraction anal. was performed, and it was found that

the resulting perphosphorylated products, like the initial resorcinarenes, each have the all-cis configuration of the R groups in the methylidene bridges of the calixarene system, but different orientations of benzene rings and phosphorinane fragments with respect to one another and to the macrocycle plane. Perphosphorylated resorcinarenes with R = alkyl exist in flattened cone conformations with the phosphorinane fragments on the same side of the macrocycle plane. The conformations of the perphosphorylated resorcinarenes with R = Ph change to forms intermediate between flattened cone and 1,3-alternate. The phosphorus fragments in these compds. are located on opposite sides of the macrocycle plane. It was shown that the oxidation and sulfuration of phosphocalixarenes proceed without any change in the spatial organization of the macrocyclic system.

T 835909-38-1P

(preparation, structure, reactivity, and conformational anal. of perphosphorylated calixresorcinarenes)

Relative stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 2-A

PAGE 3-A

t-Bu Bu-t

CC 29-7 (Organometallic and Organometalloidal Compounds)

Section cross-reference(s): 75

IT 835909-36-9P 835909-37-0P 835909-38-1P 835909-40-5P 835909-41-6P 835909-42-7P 835909-43-8P 835909-44-9P 835909-45-0P

(preparation, structure, reactivity, and conformational anal. of

perphosphorylated calixresorcinarenes)

REFERENCE COUNT: 22 THERE ARE 22 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD, ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L35 ANSWER 13 OF 50 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:1038016 HCAPLUS <u>Full-text</u>

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:165419

TITLE: Synthesis of novel chemically amplified materials

based on calix[4]arene derivatives with acetal

moieties

AUTHOR(S): Kudo, Hiroto; Mitani, Kouji; Koyama, Syuhei;

Nishikubo, Tadatomi

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Applied Chemistry, Faculty of

Engineering, Kanagawa University, Yokohama,

221-8686, Japan

SOURCE: Bulletin of the Chemical Society of Japan (2004),

77(11), 2109-2114

CODEN: BCSJA8; ISSN: 0009-2673

PUBLISHER: Chemical Society of Japan

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 142:165419

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASRES
ED Entered STN: 03 Dec 2004

AB The synthesis and photoinduced deprotection reaction of calix[4]resorcinarene derivs, with pendant acetal moieties were examined C-

methyl[(methoxymethylcarbonyl)oxy]calix[4]resorcinarene (CRA-Acetal) and C-4hydroxyphenyl[(methoxymethylcarbonyl)oxy]calix[4]resorcinarene (CRAph-Acetal) were prepared from C-methylcalix[4]resorcinarene (CRA) and C-4-

were prepared from C-methylcalix[4]resorcinarene (CKA) and C-4hydroxyphenylcalix[4]resorcinarene (CRAph). The synthesized CRA-Acetal and CRAph-Acetal had good solubilities, good film-forming properties, and high thermal stabilities. The photoinduced deprotection reaction of CRA-Acetal and CRAph-Acetal was examined in the presence of bis[4-

(diphenylsulfonio)phenyl]sulfide (DPSF) as a photoacid generator in the film state upon UV irradiation It was found that the deprotection reaction of acetal groups of CRA-Acetal and CRAph-Acetal proceeded smoothly without further heating to produce the corresponding calixarene derivs., CRA-COOH and CRAph-COOH with carboxylic acid groups.

IT 623159-10-4

(photoinduced deprotection of calix[4]resorcinarene derivs. with pendant acetal groups for chemical amplified photoresist applications)

RN 623159-10-4 HCAPLUS

CN Acetic acid, 2,2',2'',2''',2'''',2''''',2''''',2''''',2'''''-[(2,8,14,20-tetramethylpentacyclo[19.3.1.13,7.19,13.115,19]octacosa-1(25),3,5,7(28),9,11,13(27),15,17,19(26),21,23-dodecaene-4,6,10,12,16,18,22,24-octayl)octakis(oxy)]octakis-,octakis(1,1-dimethylethyl) ester (SCI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CC 74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic

and Other Reprographic Processes)

IT 623159-10-4 623159-12-6

(photoinduced deprotection of calix[4]resorcinarene derivs. with

pendant acetal groups for chemical amplified photoresist applications)
REFERENCE COUNT: 20 THER ARE 20 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR
THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE

RE FORMAT

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:383102

TITLE: INVENTOR(S): Photoresist base material, method for purification thereof, and photoresist

compositions containing the same Ueda, Mitsuru; Ishii, Hirotoshi Idemitsu Kosan Co., Ltd., Japan

PCT Int. Appl., 56 pp.

SOURCE: CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

								DATE APPLICATI				ON NO.					
	WO 2004036315					WO 2003-JP11137											
		W:	CN, GE, LK, NO,	CO, GH, LR, NZ, TJ,	CR, GM, LS, OM,	CU, HR, LT, PG,	CZ, HU, LU, PH,	AU, DE, ID, LV, PL, TT,	DK, IL, MA, PT,	DM, IN, MD, RO,	DZ, IS, MG, RU,	BG, EC, KE, MK, SC,	BR, EE, KG, MN, SD,	ES, KP, MW, SE,	FI, KR, MX, SG,	GB, KZ, MZ, SK,	GD, LC, NI, SL,
			GH, BY, EE, SI, NE,	GM, KG, ES, SK, SN,	KZ, FI, TR,	MD, FR, BF, TG	RU, GB, BJ,	MZ, TJ, GR, CF,	TM, HU, CG,	AT, IE, CI,	BE, IT, CM,	BG, LU, GA,	CH, MC, GN,	CY, NL, GQ,	CZ, PT, GW,	DE, RO, ML,	DK, SE, MR,
	JP	2004	1919	13		A		2004	0708		JP 2	-003 ->		58		2	0030417
	AU	2003	2618	65		A1		2004	0504		AU 2		2618	65		2	0030901
	EP	P 1553451		A1	A1 20050713		EP 2003-808872				20030901						
	CN	R: 1688	PT,	IE,	SI,	LT,	LV,		RO,	MK,	CY,	IT, AL,	LI, TR, 8242	BG,	CZ,	EE,	MC, HU, SK
	TW	2820	37			В		2007	0601		TW 2			4659		2	0030905
	US	2005	0271	971		A1		2005	1208		US 2			08		2	0050414
PRIO	RIT	Y APP	LN.	INFO	. :						JP 2		3001	44	i	A 2	0021015
											JP 2		1124	58	i	A 2	0030417
											WO 2	003-		137	1	W 2	0030901

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 140:383102

ED Entered STN: 30 Apr 2004

The invention relates to photoresist base materials consisting of extreme UV sensitive-organic compds. represented by the general formula (B-X)1(C-Y)m(D-Z)nA: [wherein A is a central structure consisting of an aliphatic group having C1-50, an aromatic group having C6-50 carbon, an organic group bearing both, or an organic group having a cyclic structure formed by repetition of these groups; B to D are each an extreme UV sensitive group, a group exhibiting a reactivity on the action of a chromophore sensitive to extreme UV rays, a C1-50 aliphatic or C6-50 aromatic group having such a group, an organic group having both groups, or a substituent having a branched structure; X to Z are each a single bond or an ether linkage; 1 to n are

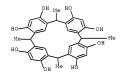
integers of 0-5 satisfying the relationship: $1 + m + n \times v > v / v > 1$; and A to D may each have a heteroatom-bearing substituent]. The invention provides photoresist base materials and photoresist compns. which enable ultrafine lithog. with extreme UV rays or the like and is suitable for use in semiconductor device fabrication.

IT 65338-98-9DP, tetrahydropyranyl and benzyl derivative ethers 683227-74-9P

(photoresist base material, method for purification thereof, and photoresist compns. containing the same)

RN 65338-98-9 HCAPLUS

CN Pentacyclo[19.3.1.13,7.19,13.115,19]octacosa-1(25),3,5,7(28),9,11,13(27),15,17,19(26),21,23-dodecaene-4,6,10,12,16,18,22,24-octol,2,8,14,20-tetramethyl- (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 683227-74-9 HCAPLUS

CN Carbonic acid, (2,8,14,20tetramethylpentacyclo[19,3,1,13,7,19,13,115,19]octacosa-1(25),3,5,7(28),9,11,13(27),15,17,19(26),21,23-dodecaene-4,6,10,12,16,18,22,24-octayl)octakis(oxymethyl-4,1-phenylene) octakis(1,1-dimethylethyl) ester (9C1) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 3-A

PAGE 4-A

74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic

TC:

CC

ICM G03F007-039

ICS C07C039-17; C07C069-736; C07D309-04

and Other Reprographic Processes) Section cross-reference(s): 76

```
ST
    photoresist compn
IT
    Light-sensitive materials
       Photoresists
     Recrystallization
     Semiconductor device fabrication
        (photoresist base material, method for purification thereof,
        and photoresist compns. containing the same)
     Distillation
        (vacuum; photoresist base material, method for purification
        thereof, and photoresist compns. containing the same)
     65338-98-9DP, tetrahydropyranyl and benzyl derivative ethers
     125748-07-4P, Calix[4]resorcinarene 211427-64-4P 683227-72-7P
     683227-73-8P 683227-74-9P 683227-75-0P
                                              683227-76-1P
        (photoresist base material, method for purification thereof,
        and photoresist compns. containing the same)
     75-07-0, Acetaldehyde, reactions 108-46-3, Resorcinol, reactions
TT
     110-87-2, Dihydro-ZH-pyran 623-05-2, 4-Hydroxybenzyl alcohol
     1927-95-3, 4-Bromophenyl acetate 5001-18-3, 1,3-Dihydroxyadamantane
     5292-43-3, tert-Butyl bromoacetate 24424-99-5, Di-tert-butyl
     dicarbonate 27955-94-8 29654-55-5, 3,5-Dihydroxybenzylalcohol
     99181-50-7, 1,3,5-Trihydroxyadamantane
        (whotoresist base material, method for purification thereof,
        and photoresist compns. containing the same)
     156281-11-7P, 4-(tert-Butoxycarbonyloxy)benzylalcohol
        (photoxesist base material, method for purification thereof,
        and photoresist compns. containing the same)
REFERENCE COUNT:
                        13
                              THERE ARE 13 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR
                              THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE
                              RE FORMAT
L35 ANSWER 15 OF 50 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                        2004:345794 HCAPLUS Full-text
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                        141:79223
                        The synthesis and photo-induced deprotection
TITLE:
                        reaction of calix[4]resorcinarene derivatives
                        containing tert-butyl ester moieties
AUTHOR(S):
                        Kudo, Hiroto; Mitani, Kouji; Nishikubo, Tadatomi;
                        Mitsuishi, Masaya; Miyashita, Tokuji
CORPORATE SOURCE:
                        Department of Applied Chemistry, Faculty of
                        Engineering, Kanagawa University, Yokohama,
                        221-8686, Japan
SOURCE:
                        Bulletin of the Chemical Society of Japan (2004),
                        77(4), 819-826
                        CODEN: BCSJA8; ISSN: 0009-2673
PUBLISHER:
                        Chemical Society of Japan
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                        Journal
LANGUAGE:
                        English
OTHER SOURCE(S):
                        CASREACT 141:79223
ED Entered STN: 28 Apr 2004
AB
   The syntheses and photoinduced deprotection reactions of calix[4]resorcinarene
     derivs, with pendant tert-Bu ester moieties were examined
     Calix[4]resorcinarenes were prepared by the condensation reaction of
```

resorcinol with certain aldehydes in the presence of hydrochloric acid as a catalyst in ethanol at 80 °C for 30 min in good yields. The substitution reaction of calix[4]resorcinarenes with tert-Bu bromoacetate using cesium carbonate as a base and tetrabutylammonium bromide (TBAB) as a phase transfer catalyst was performed to afford the corresponding calix[4]resorcinarene derivs., with pendant tert-Bu ester groups. It was found that some of these products had film-forming properties. The photoinduced deprotection reaction of calixarene derivs. was examined in the presence of DPSP [(thiodi-4,1phenylene)bis[diphenylsulfonium] bis[hexafluorophosphate(1-)]] as a photoacid generator in the film state upon UV irradiation for 5 min followed by heating at 170 °C. It was found that the deprotection reaction of the tert-Bu ester groups proceeded smoothly to produce the corresponding calixarene derivs., with carboxylic acid groups, quant. For example, the DPSP-induced deprotection of 2,8,14,20- tetra(methyl)calix[4]resorcinarene-4,6,10,12,16,18,22,24-octaacetic acid octakis(1,1-dimethylethyl) ester gave the corresponding 2.8.14.20-tetra(methyl)calix[4]resorcinarene-4,6,10,12,16,18,22,24- octaacetic acid.

IT 623159-10-4P

CN

(preparation and photo-induced deprotection of tetra(alky1)- and tetrakis(hydroxypheny1)calix(4)resorcinarene-4,6,10,12,16,18,22,24-octaacetic acid tetrakis(dimethylethyl) esters and study of their solubility, thermal and film-forming properties)

RN 623159-10-4 HCAPLUS

Acetic acid, 2,2',2'',2''',2''',2'''',2''''',2''''',2'''''-[(2,8,14,20-tetramethylpentacyclo[19.3.1.13,7.19,13.115,19]octacosa-1(25),3,5,7(28),9,11,13(27),15,17,19(26),21,23-dodecaene-4,6,10,12,16,18,22,24-octayl)octakis(oxy)]octakis-, octakis(1,1-dimethylethyl) ester (9C1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CC 74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)

Section cross-reference(s): 25

IT 623159-08-0P 623159-10-4P 623159-12-6P 623159-13-7P 710970-42-6P

(preparation and photo-induced deprotection of tetra(alky1)- and tetrakis(hydroxypheny1)calix(4]resorcinarene-4,6,10,12,16,18,22,24-octaacetic acid tetrakis(dimethylethyl) esters and study of their solubility, thermal and film-forming properties)

REFERENCE COUNT: 18 THERE ARE 18 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L35 ANSWER 16 OF 50 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:185103 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:407992

TITLE: Calix[4]resorcinols as Stabilizers for Rubber
Stocks Based on Butadiene-Acrylonitrile Rubbers
AUTHOR(S): Bukharov, S. V.; Teregulova, E. A.; Nugumanova, G.

N.; Mukmeneva, N. A.; Miryasova, F. K.; Burilov, A. R.; Pudovik, M. A.; Nikolaeva, I. L.; Kasymova, E. M.: Konovalov, A. I.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Kazan State Technological University, Tatarstan,

Kazan, Russia

SOURCE: Russian Journal of Applied Chemistry (Translation

of Zhurnal Prikladnoi Khimii) (2003), 76(11),

PAGE 1-A

CODEN: RJACEO; ISSN: 1070-4272

PUBLISHER: MAIK Nauka/Interperiodica Publishing

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

ED Entered STN: 08 Mar 2004

AB The antioxidative activity of modified tetramethylcalix[4]resorcinol macrocyclic stabilizers butadiene-acrylonitrile rubber was examined The tetramethylcalix[4]resorcinol was modified with dimethylaminomethyl and 3,5-di-tetr-butyl-4-hydroxybenzyl fragments. The performance of the stabilizers was evaluated by relative changes in tensile strencth, elongation at break,

and elongation set, after thermal oxidative aging. T 503529-24-6P

(antioxidant; calix[4]resorcinols antioxidants for butadiene-acrylonitrile rubbers)

RN 503529-24-6 HCAPLUS

CN Pentacyclo(19.3.1.13,7.19,13.115,19) octacosa-1(25),3,5,7(28),9,11,13(27),15,17,19(26),21,23-dodecaene-4,6,10,12,16,18,22,24-octol, 5,11,17,23-tetrakis[[3,5-bis(1,1dimethylethyl)-4-hydroxyphenyl]methyl]-2,8,14,20-tetramethyl-NDEX NAME)

t-Bu Bu-t

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{HO} \\ \text{HO} \\ \text{HO} \\ \text{OH} \\$$

PAGE 2-A

39-9 (Synthetic Elastomers and Natural Rubber)

TТ 72145-02-9P, 2,4,6-Tris(3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxybenzyl)resorcinol 503529-24-6P

(antioxidant; calix[4]resorcinols antioxidants for

butadiene-acrylonitrile rubbers) 6

REFERENCE COUNT: THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE

RE FORMAT

L35 ANSWER 17 OF 50 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:140951 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 141:44772

TITLE: A new positive-working alkaline developable

photoresist based on partially

O-tert-butoxycarbonylmethylated-tetra-C-methylcali

x[4]resorcinarene and a photoacid generator

AUTHOR(S): Iimori, H.; Shibasaki, Y.; Ueda, M.; Ishii, H. CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Organic and Polymeric Materials,

Graduate School of Science and Engineering, Tokyo

Institute of Technology, Tokyo, 152-8552, Japan Journal of Photopolymer Science and Technology (

> 2003), 16(5), 685-690 CODEN: JSTEEW; ISSN: 0914-9244

PUBLISHER: Technical Association of Photopolymers, Japan

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

Entered STN: 20 Feb 2004

SOURCE:

AB A new pos.-working low-mol.-weight photoresist has been developed. The photoresist consisted of the matrix, tetra-C-methylcalix[4]resorcinarene (p-t-BM-C4-R) in which the OH groups were protected with tert-butoxycarbonylmethyl groups (protecting ratio: 27-60%), and a photoacid generator (PAG), 5-(propylsulfonyloxyimino-5H-thiophen-2-ylidene)-2- methylphenylacetonitrile (PTMA). The p-t-BM-C4-R (protecting ratio: 40%) containing PTMA (2 wt%) showed a high sensitivity (10 mJ/cm2) and a contrast 11 after the irradiation

with q-line, post-exposure baking at 120°C at 60 s, and developing with 2.38 wt% tetramethylammonium hydroxide aqueous solution (TMAHaq) at 20°C for 10 s. 65338-98-9DP, tert-butoxycarbonylmethylated

(pos.-working alkaline developable photoresist based on partially 0-tert-butoxycarbonylmethylatedtetra-C-

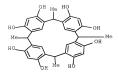
methylcalix[4]resorcinarene) 65338-98-9 HCAPLUS RN

CN

Pentacyclo[19.3.1.13,7.19,13.115,19]octacosa-

1(25), 3, 5, 7(28), 9, 11, 13(27), 15, 17, 19(26), 21, 23-dodecaene-

4,6,10,12,16,18,22,24-octol, 2,8,14,20-tetramethyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

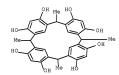


65338-98-9

(preparation of partially O-tert-butoxycarbonylmethylatedtetra-Cmethylcalix[4]resorcinarene)

65338-98-9 HCAPLUS RN

CN Pentacyclo[19.3.1.13,7.19,13.115,19]octacosa-1(25), 3, 5, 7(28), 9, 11, 13(27), 15, 17, 19(26), 21, 23-dodecaene-4,6,10,12,16,18,22,24-octol, 2,8,14,20-tetramethyl- (CA INDEX NAME)



- CC 74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)
 - pos photocesist butoxycarbonylmethylated methylcalix

resorcinarene

Photolithography

Positive photoresists Solubility

Thermal stability

(pos.-working alkaline developable photoresist based on partially O-tert-butoxycarbonylmethylatedtetra-Cmethylcalix[4]resorcinarene)

65338-98-9DP, tert-butoxycarbonylmethylated

(pos.-working alkaline developable photoresist based on partially 0-tert-butoxycarbonylmethylatedtetra-Cmethylcalix[4]resorcinarene)

282713-83-1

(pos.-working alkaline developable photoresist based on partially 0-tert-butoxycarbonylmethylatedtetra-C-

methylcalix[4]resorcinarene)

IT 5292-43-3, tert-Butyl bromoacetate 65338-98-9

> (preparation of partially O-tert-butoxycarbonylmethylatedtetra-Cmethylcalix[4]resorcinarene)

REFERENCE COUNT: THERE ARE 15 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE

RE FORMAT

L35 ANSWER 18 OF 50 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:101399 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:172186

TITLE: Method for producing electronic device such as semiconductor device using photolithography

INVENTOR(S): Fukuda, Hiroshi; Yokoyama, Yoshiyuki; Hattori,
Takashi; Sakamizu, Toshio; Arai, Tadashi;

Shiraishi, Hiroshi

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Hitachi, Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 79 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

LANGUAGE: Patent
Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2004012012	A1	20040205	WO 2002-JP7760	20020730
W: CN, JP, KR,	US			
RW: AT, BE, BG,	CH, CY	, CZ, DE, DK	, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB,	GR, IE,
IT, LU, MC,	NL, PT	, SE, SK, TR		
JP 3927575	B2	20070613	JP 2004-524096	20020730
US 20060105273	A1	20060518	US 2005-523247	20050916
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			WO 2002-JP7760	W 20020730

ED Entered STN: 08 Feb 2004

AB When the accuracy required for the dimensions of semiconductor circuit pattern approaches the mol. size of resist as the pattern becomes finer, device performance deteriorates due to edge roughness of the resist pattern to have an adverse effect on the system performance. This problem is solved by employing supernols. having smaller dimensions than those of conventional polymer as a principal component, making the number of reactions required for mol. solubility variation constant and as large as possible, and increasing the acid catalyst d. by including an acid generating agent in the supermol. o bonding the acid generating agent thereto. A pattern of mol. accuracy can thereby be formed with high productivity even for the pattern dimension of 50 nm or less and a high performance system can be realized.

IT 655233-37-7P

(method for producing electronic device)

RN 655233-37-7 HCAPLUS

IC ICM G03F007-039

ICS G03F007-004; H01L021-3213; G03F001-08; H01L021-027

CC 74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)

Section cross-reference(s): 76

IT 655233-37-7P 655233-51-5P 655235-97-5P

(method for producing electronic device)

REFERENCE COUNT: 13 THERE ARE 13 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE

RE FORMAT

L35 ANSWER 19 OF 50 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:936067 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 141:174833

TITLE: Stabilization of rubber compounds based on butadiene-nitrile rubber by calix[4]resorcinols AUTHOR(S): Mukmeneva, Natalya A.; Miriasova, Farida K.;

Burilov, Alexander R.; Pudovik, Michail A.; Nikolaeva, Irina L.; Kasimova, Elmira M.;

Konovalov, Alexander I.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Synthetic Rubber Technology, Kazan

State Technological University, Kazan, 420015,

Russia

SOURCE: Materialy Yubileinoi Nauchno-Metodicheskoi
Konferentsii "III Kirpichnikovskie Chteniva",

Kazan, Russian Federation, Mar. 25-28, 2003 (2003), 506-508. Editor(s): Mukmeneva, N. A. Kazanskii Gosudarstvennyi Tekhnologicheskii Universitet:

Kazan, Russia.

CODEN: 69EUEJ; ISBN: 5-7882-0228-0

DOCUMENT TYPE: Conference

LANGUAGE: Russian
ED Entered STN: 02 Dec 2003

AB Modifying tetra-methylcallx[4]resorcinol by dimethyl-aminomethyl and 3,5-ditetr-butyl-4-hydroxybenzyl fragments increases antioxidant activity of the macrocyclic stabilizers in rubber compds. based on butadiene-nitrile rubbers.

IT 503529-24-6

(antioxidant; stabilization of butadiene-nitrile rubber compound by macrocyclic phenolic antioxidants)

RN 503529-24-6 HCAPLUS

CN Pentacyclo[19.3.1.13,7.19,13.115,19]octacosa-

1(25), 3, 5, 7(28), 9, 11, 13(27), 15, 17, 19(26), 21, 23-dodecaene-4,6,10,12,16,18,22,24-octol, 5,11,17,23-tetrakis[[3,5-bis(1,1dimethylethyl)-4-hydroxyphenyl]methyl]-2,8,14,20-tetramethyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{t-Bu} \\ \text{HO} \\ \text{HO} \\ \text{HO} \\ \text{HO} \\ \text{OH} \\ \text{OH}$$

PAGE 2-A

37-6 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing)

Section cross-reference(s): 35, 39 65338-98-9 134887-74-4 503529-24-6 ΙT

(antioxidant; stabilization of butadiene-nitrile rubber compound by macrocyclic phenolic antioxidants)

L35 ANSWER 20 OF 50 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:879781 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 139:388462

TITLE: tert-Butoxycarbonylalkoxycalixresorcinarenes having high solubility in casting solvents and

radiation-sensitive positive resists containing

the same

INVENTOR(S): Nishikubo, Tadaomi; Kudo, Hiroto

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): JSR Ltd., Japan; Kanagawa University

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 18 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE:

Patent Japanese FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2003321423	A	20031111	JP 2002-133996	20020509
JP 4076789	B2	20080416	ζ	
ORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2002-133996	20020509
			/	

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 139:388462

Entered STN: 11 Nov 2003 ED

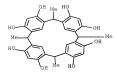
PRI

- AB The compds. I (R1 = C1-18 alkyl, P; R2 = H, C1-15 alkoxy; m, p = 0-2; n = 4-12) and resists containing I and radiation-sensitive acid generators are sep. claimed. The resists produce high-resolution patterns for fabrication of integrated circuits.
- 65338-98-9P

(tert-butoxycarbonylalkoxycalixresorcinarenes having high solvent solubility for liable pos.-working radiation-sensitive resists)

- 65338-98-9 HCAPLUS RN
- Pentacyclo[19.3.1.13,7.19,13.115,19]octacosa-CN 1(25), 3, 5, 7(28), 9, 11, 13(27), 15, 17, 19(26), 21, 23-dodecaene-

4,6,10,12,16,18,22,24-octol, 2,8,14,20-tetramethyl- (CA INDEX NAME)



IT 623159-10-4P

(tert-butoxycarbonylalkoxycalixresorcinarenes having high solvent solubility for liable pos.-working radiation-sensitive resists)

RN 623159-10-4 HCAPLUS

IC ICM C07C069-712

ICS C08G061-02; G03F007-039; H01L021-027

CC 74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes) Section cross-reference(s): 25

ST butoxycarbonylalkoxy calixresorcinarene chem amplified pos photoresist; radiation sensitive resist butoxycarbonylalkoxy calixresorcinarene solvent soly

IT Positive photoresists

(tert-butoxycarbonylalkoxycalixresorcinarenes having high solvent solubility for liable pos.-working radiation-sensitive resists)

IT 65238-98-9P 176897-13-5P 182370-80-5P 203714-14-1P 623159-00-2P 623159-02-4P 623159-03-5P

(tert-butoxycarbonylalkoxycalixresorcinarenes having high solvent solubility for liable pos.-working radiation-sensitive resists)

IT 623159-05-7P 623159-06-8P 623159-07-9P 623159-08-0P 623159-10-4P 623159-12-6P 623159-13-7P 623159-14-8P 623159-15-9P

(tert-butoxycarbonylalkoxycalixresorcinarenes having high solvent

solubility for liable pos.-working radiation-sensitive resists)

L35 ANSWER 21 OF 50 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:791306 HCAPLUS Full-text DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:16446

TITLE: Reaction of Tetramethylcalix[4]resorcinolarene with 3,5-Di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxybenzyl Acetate AUTHOR(S):

Bukharov, S. V.; Nugumanova, G. N.; Mukmeneva, N. A.; Teregulova, E. A.; Burilov, A. R.; Pudovik, M. A.; Nikolaeva, I. L.; Kasymova, E. M.; Konovalov,

A. I.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Kazan Research Center, Russia, Arbuzov Institute of Organic and Physical Chemistry, Tatarstan,

> Kazan, Kazan State Technological University, Russian Academy of Sciences, Tatarstan, 420015,

SOURCE: Russian Journal of Organic Chemistry (Translation

of Zhurnal Organicheskoi Khimii) (2003), 39(5),

689-691

CODEN: RJOCEO: ISSN: 1070-4280

PUBLISHER: MAIK Nauka/Interperiodica Publishing

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

CASREACT 140:16446

buty1-4-hydroxybenzyl)resorcinol.

OTHER SOURCE(S): Entered STN: 09 Oct 2003 ED

AB Upper-rim modification of tetramethylcalix[4]resorcinolarene with 3,5-di-tertbutyl-4-hydroxybenzyl fragments is accompanied by unusual decomposition of the macro ring in the modified product with formation of 2,4,6-tris(3,5-di-tert-

(reaction of tetramethylcalix[4]resorcinolarene with

3,5-Di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxybenzyl acetate)

RN 503529-24-6 HCAPLUS

CN Pentacyclo[19.3.1.13,7.19,13.115,19]octacosa-

> 1(25), 3, 5, 7(28), 9, 11, 13(27), 15, 17, 19(26), 21, 23-dodecaene-4,6,10,12,16,18,22,24-octol, 5,11,17,23-tetrakis[[3,5-bis(1,1-

dimethylethyl)-4-hydroxyphenyl]methyl]-2,8,14,20-tetramethyl- (CA

INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{OH} \\ \text{Bu-t} \\ \text{CH}_2 \\ \text{OH} \\ \text{O$$

PAGE 2-A

CC 22-4 (Physical Organic Chemistry)

Section cross-reference(s): 67

IT 72145-02-9P 503529-24-6P

(reaction of tetramethylcalix[4]resorcinolarene with

3,5-Di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxybenzyl acetate)

REFERENCE COUNT: 6 THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR

THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE

RE FORMAT

L35 ANSWER 22 OF 50 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:867239 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 137:377437

TITLE: Positive working radiation polymerizable

compositions

INVENTOR(S): Ueda, Mitsuru; Shibazaki, Yuji; Fujigaya,

Takehiko; Kwon, Yong Gil

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Jsr Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 8 pp. CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: Japanese FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

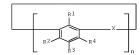
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2002328473	A	20021115	JP 2001-134962	20010502
			<	
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2001-134962	20010502
			<	

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 137:377437

ED Entered STN: 15 Nov 2002

GT



Ι

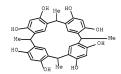
AB The compns. comprise (A) cyclic polyphenolic compds. I (R1-4 = H, OH, halo, alkyl, aryl, aralkyl, alkoxy, alkenyl, acyl, alkoycarbonyl, alkyloyloxy, aryloyloxy, cyano, nitro; ≥1 of R1-4 is tert-butoxycarbonyloxy; X = direct bond, CR5R6; R5-6 = H, alkyl, aryl; n = integer of 3-8) and (B) radiation-sensitive acid generators. The compns. have high resolution and high sensitivity.

IT 65338-98-95P, tert-butoxycarbonyl derivs. 65338-98-9F (calixarene-acid generator compns. for pos.-working photoresists)

RN 65338-98-9 HCAPLUS

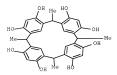
CN

Pentacyclo [19.3.1.13,7.19,13.115,19]octacosa-1(25),3,5,7(28),9,11,13(27),15,17,19(26),21,23-dodecaene-4,6,10,12,16,18,22,24-dctol, 2,8,14,20-tetramethyl- (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 65338-98-9 HCAPLUS

CN Pentacyclo[19.3.1.13,7.19,13.115,19]octacosa-1(25),3,5,7(28),9,11,13(27),15,17,19(26),21,23-dodecaene-4,6,10,12,16,18,22,24-octol, 2,8,14,20-tetramethyl- (CA INDEX NAME)



ΙT 250715-31-2P

(calixarene-acid generator compns. for pos.-working

- RN 250715-31-2 HCAPLUS
- Carbonic acid, 2,8,14,20-

tetramethylpentacyclo[19.3.1.13,7.19,13.115,19]octacosa-1(25), 3, 5, 7(28), 9, 11, 13(27), 15, 17, 19(26), 21, 23-dodecaene-4,6,10,12,16,18,22,24-octayl octakis(1,1-dimethylethyl) ester (9CI)

(CA INDEX NAME)

ICM G03F007-039

ICS G03F007-004; H01L021-027

CC 74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes) Section cross-reference(s): 38

- methylcalixresorcinarene acid generator pos photoresist; calixarene acid generator compn pos photoresist
- Positive photogesists

(calixarene-acid generator compns. for pos.-working photoresists)

ΤТ

65338-98-9DP, tert-butoxycarbonyl derivs. 65338-98-9P (calixarene-acid generator compns. for pos.-working photoresists)

250715-31-2P

(calixarene-acid generator compns. for pos.-working photoresists)

75-07-0, Acetaldehyde, reactions 108-46-3, Resorcinol, reactions 24424-99-5, Di-tert-butyl dicarbonate (calixarene-acid generator compns. for pos.-working

photoresists)

137308-86-2, Diphenyliodonium 9,10-dimethoxyanthracene-2-sulfonate (radiation-sensitive acid generator; calixarene-acid generator compns. for pos.-working photoresists)

L35 ANSWER 23 OF 50 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:817739 HCAPLUS Full-text DOCUMENT NUMBER: 138:271091

TITLE:

Unusual Reaction of

Tetramethylcalix[4]resorcinolarene with

3.5-Di-tert-butvl-4-hvdroxvbenzvl Acetate

Bukharov, S. V.; Nugumanova, G. N.; Mukmeneva, N.

A.; Syakaev, V. V.; Burilov, A. R.; Pudovik, M.

A.; Konovalov, A. I.

Kazan Research Center, Arbuzov Institute of CORPORATE SOURCE: Organic and Physical Chemistry, Russian Academy of

Sciences, Kazan, Tatarstan, Russia

SOURCE: Russian Journal of General Chemistry (Translation

of Zhurnal Obshchei Khimii) (2002), 72(8),

1320-1321

CODEN: RJGCEK: ISSN: 1070-3632

PUBLISHER: MAIK Nauka/Interperiodica Publishing

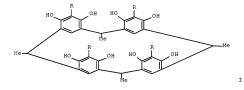
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 138:271091

ED Entered STN: 28 Oct 2002

GT

AUTHOR(S):



To a solution of calixarene I (R = H) and ester 3,5-di-t-Bu-4-hydroxybenzyl AB acetate in acetone, we added 72% perchloric acid. The mixture was kept at 20° for 24 h and poured into water, and the precipitate was washed with water and dried to yield 1,3-dihydroxy-2,4,6-tri(3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxybenzyl)benzene and I (R = 3,5-di-t-Bu-4-hydroxybenzyl) in a 70:30 ratio, resp. ΙT 503529-24-6P

(unusual reaction of tetramethylcalix[4]resorcinolarene with 3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxybenzyl acetate)

503529-24-6 HCAPLUS RN

CN Pentacyclo[19.3.1.13,7.19,13.115,19]octacosa-1(25), 3, 5, 7(28), 9, 11, 13(27), 15, 17, 19(26), 21, 23-dodecaene-

4,6,10,12,16,18,22,24-octol, 5,11,17,23-tetrakis[[3,5-bis(1,1dimethylethyl)-4-hydroxyphenyl]methyl]-2,8,14,20-tetramethyl- (CA

INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{OH} \\ \text{Bu-t} \\ \text{HO} \\ \text{OH} \\ \text{OH}$$

PAGE 2-A

CC 22-4 (Physical Organic Chemistry) Section cross-reference(s): 25

72145-02-9P 503529-24-6P ΙT

(unusual reaction of tetramethylcalix[4]resorcinolarene with

3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxybenzyl acetate)

REFERENCE COUNT: THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD, ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE

RE FORMAT

L35 ANSWER 24 OF 50 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:891146 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 136:270357

TITLE: A positive-working alkaline developable photoresist based on partially

tert-Boc-protected calix[4]resorcinarene and a

photoacid generator

AUTHOR(S): Young-Gil, Kwon; Kim, Jin Baek; Fujigaya, Tsuyohiko; Shibasaki, Yuji; Ueda, Mitsuru

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Chemistry, Korea Advanced Institute

of Science & Technology, Yusong-ku, Taejon,

305-701, S. Korea

SOURCE: Journal of Materials Chemistry (2002),

12(1), 53-57

CODEN: JMACEP; ISSN: 0959-9428

PUBLISHER: Royal Society of Chemistry

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English ED Entered STN: 11 Dec 2001

A pos. working low-mol.-weight photoresist based on partially t-Boc protected tetrac-methylcalixi4]resorcinarene (t-Boc C-4-R) and a photoacid generator (PAG), diphenyliodonium 9,10-dimethoxyanthracene-2-sulfonate (DIAS) was developed. t-Boc C-4-Rs were prepared by the reaction of C-4-R with di-CMe3 dicarbonate in the presence of 4-dimethylaminopyridine (DMAP). A clear film cast from a 20% t-Boc C-4-R solution in cyclohexanone showed high transparency to UV >300 mm. The appropriate t-Boc protecting ratio was .apprx.60 mol% in view of adhesion, deprotection temperature and dissoln. rate. The photoresist consisting of 60 mol% t-Boc C-4-R (95%) and DIAS (5%) showed a sensitivity of 13 mJ cm-2 and a contrast of 12.6 when it was exposed to 365 nm light and post-baked at 105° for 90 s, followed by developing with a 2.38% aqueous Me4NOM (TMAH) solution at room temperature A fine pos. image featuring 1.5 µm of min. line and space patterns was observed on the film of the photoresist exposed to 40 mJ cm-2 of UV-light ta 365 mm by the contact mode.

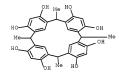
I 65338-98-9P 250715-31-2P

(pos.-working alkaline developable photoresist based on partially BOC-protected calix[4]resorcinarene and photoacid generator)

RN 65338-98-9 HCAPLUS

CN Pentacyclo[19.3.1.13,7.19,13.115,19]octacosa-

1(25), 3,5,7(28),9,11,13(27),15,17,19(26),21,23-dodecaene-4,6,10,12,16,18,22,24-octol, 2,8,14,20-tetramethyl- (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 250715-31-2 HCAPLUS

IN Carbonic acid, 2,8,14,20tetramethylpentacyclo[19.3.1.13,7.19,13.115,19]octacosa-1(25),3,5,7(28),9,11,13(27),15,17,19(26),21,23-dodecaene-4,6,10,12,16,18,22,24-octayl octakis(1,1-dimethylethyl) ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

- CC 74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)
- ST pos working photoresist butoxycarbonyl protected calixarene photoacid generator
- IT Dissolution

Positive photoresists

(pos.-working alkaline developable photoresist based on partially BOC-protected calix[4]resorcinarene and photoacid generator)

- IIT 75-07-0, Acetaldehyde, reactions 77-78-1 108-46-3,
 1,3-Benzenediol, reactions 1122-58-3 1483-72-3 16106-40-4
 34619-03-9 67580-39-6
 - (pos.-working alkaline developable photoresist based on partially BOC-protected calix[4]resorcinarene and photoacid generator)
- IT 75-59-2P 65338-98-9P 250715-31-2P

(pos.-working alkaline developable photoresist based on partially BOC-protected calix[4]resorcinarene and photoacid generator)

IT 999-97-3

(silicon wafer coated with; pos.-working alkaline developable photoresist based on partially BOC-protected calix[4] resorcinarene and photoacid generator)

IT 405263-63-0

(silicon wafer coated with; pos.-working alkaline developable photoresist based on partially BOC-protected

calix[4]resorcinarene and photoacid generator)

REFERENCE COUNT: 24 THERE ARE 24 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L35 ANSWER 25 OF 50 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:348148 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 135:107762

TITLE: The influence of molecular architecture and solvent type on the size and structure of

poly(benzyl ether) dendrimers by SANS

AUTHOR(S): Evmenenko, Guennady; Bauer, Barry J.; Kleppinger, Ralf; Forier, Bart; Dehaen, Wim; Amis, Eric J.;

Mischenko, Nikolai; Revnaers, Harry

CORPORATE SOURCE: Laboratory of Macromolecular Structural Chemistry,
Department of Chemistry, Catholic University of

Leuven, Heverlee, B-3001, Belg.

SOURCE: Macromolecular Chemistry and Physics (2001),

202(6), 891-899

CODEN: MCHPES; ISSN: 1022-1352

PUBLISHER: Wiley-VCH Verlag GmbH

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

ED Entered STN: 16 May 2001

AB The size of poly(benzyl ether) dendrimers with different mol. architectures was measured by small angle neutron scattering (SANS). Both polar and non-polar solvents were used to measure the effect of solvent type. The radius of gyration (Rg) of all of the dendrimers follows a scaling law of Rg \propto M1/3 consistent with literature values of other chemical different dendrimers. The effect of solvent type on dendrimer size was minimal.

IT 350255-14-0

CN

(influence of mol. architecture and solvent type on size and structure of poly(benzyl ether) dendrimers by small angle neutron scattering)

RN 350255-14-0 HCAPLUS

Pentacyclo[19.3.1.13,7.19,13.115,19]octacosa-1(25),3,5,7(28),9,11,13(27),15,17,19(26),21,23-dodecaene, 4,6,10,12,16,18,22,24-octakis[[4-(dodecyloxy)phenyl]methoxy]-2,8,14,20tetramethyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 2-A

PAGE 3-A

CH2-0-R2

R3
CH2-(CH2)11-Me

CC 36-2 (Physical Properties of Synthetic High Polymers)

IT 350355-14-0 350255-15-1

(influence of mol. architecture and solvent type on size and structure of poly(benzyl ether) dendrimers by small angle neutron scattering)

REFERENCE COUNT:

42 THERE ARE 42 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L35 ANSWER 26 OF 50 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:272887 HCAPLUS Fuil-text

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:272887 HCAPLUS Full-text
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 135:61583

TITLE: Synthesis and photoinduced deprotection of calixarene derivatives containing certain

protective groups

AUTHOR(S): Nishikubo, Tadatomi; Kameyama, Atsushi; Tsutsui,

Kousuke; Kishimoto, Shinichi

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Applied Chemistry, Faculty of

Engineering, Kanagawa University, Yokohama, 221-8686, Japan

SOURCE: Journal of Polymer Science, Part A: Polymer

Chemistry (2001), 39(9), 1481-1494

CODEN: JPACEC; ISSN: 0887-624X

John Wiley & Sons, Inc.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

PUBLISHER:

Entered STN: 18 Apr 2001 ED AB Calixarene derivs. 1, 2, and 3 containing pendant tert-butoxycarbonyl (t-BOC) groups were synthesized in 81, 93, and 83% yield, resp., by the reaction of Cmethylcalix[4]resorcinarene (CRA), p-methylcalix[6]arene (MCA), and p-tertbutylcalix[8]arene (BCA) with di-tert-Bu dicarbonate using triethylamine as a base in pyridine. Calixarene derivs. containing pendant trimethylsilyl ether (TMSE) groups were obtained in 58, 50, and 82% yields, resp., by the reaction of CRA, MCA, and BCA with 1,1,1,3,3,3-hexamethyldisilazane using chlorotrimethylsilane as an accelerator in THF. Calixarene derivs. containing pendant cyclohexenyl ether (CHE) groups were also prepared in 65, 78, and 84% yields, resp., by the reaction of CRA, MCA, and BCA with 3-bromocyclohexene using KOH as base and tetrabutylammonium bromide as phase-transfer catalyst in N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone. The photoinduced deprotection of calixarene derivs. 1-3 was examined with bis-[4-(diphenylsulfonio)phenyl]sulfide bis(hexafluorophosphate) as a photoacid generator on UV irradiation followed by heating in the film state, and the deprotection of the t-BOC groups of proceeded smoothly in high conversion. The deprotection rate of the t-BOC groups of 2 and 3 was much lower than that of 1 under the same irradiation conditions. The photoinduced deprotection of calixarenes containing tetramethylsilane groups and CHE groups was also examined under similar reaction conditions; the deprotection rate of the substituted compds. was

IT 250715-31-2P

(synthesis and photoinduced deprotection of calixarene derivs. containing t-BOC and trimethylsilyl ether cyclohexenyl ether protective groups)

RN 250715-31-2 HCAPLUS

CN Carbonic acid, 2,8,14,20-

tetramethylpentacyclo[19.3.1.13,7.19,13.115,19]octacosa-1(25),3,5,7(28),9,11,13(27),15,17,19(26),21,23-dodecaene-4,6,10,12,16,18,22,24-octayl octakis(1,1-dimethylethyl) ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

lower than that of 1-3 calixarenes.

CC 35-2 (Chemistry of Synthetic High Polymers)

IT 68971-83-5P 160399-38-2P 250715-26-5P 250715-27-6P 250715-31-2P 250715-32-3P 250715-35-6P 250715-36-7P 346406-91-5P

(synthesis and photoinduced deprotection of calixarene derivs.

containing t-BOC and trimethylsilyl ether cyclohexenyl ether protective

groups)

REFERENCE COUNT: 21 THERE ARE 21 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE

RE FORMAT

L35 ANSWER 27 OF 50 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:579481 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 133:315512

TITLE: Synthesis and characterization of

calix[4]resorcinearene bearing azobenzene moieties

as novel photofunctional materials

AUTHOR(S): Sakai, Yoshimasa; Fukuda, Takashi; Ueda, Mitsuru;

Matsuda, Hiro

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Polymer Chemistry, Tokyo Institute of Technology, Tokyo, 152-8552, Japan

SOURCE: Journal of Photopolymer Science and Technology

(2000), 13(2), 191-196

CODEN: JSTEEW; ISSN: 0914-9244

PUBLISHER: Technical Association of Photopolymers, Japan

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

ED Entered STN: 23 Aug 2000

AB Calix[4]resorcinearene bearing azobenzene moieties (CAAB) was prepared by the etherification of calix(4)resorcinearene (C4RA) with 4-(4-(6bromohexyloxy)phenylazo]nitrobenzene. The photofunctional properties were evaluated by measuring second harmonic generation (SHG) and electrooptic (E-

O). The second harmonic coefficient (d33) of CAAB and the electrooptic coefficient (r33) at the wavelength of 1064 nm were 33.58+10-9 [esu] and 4.3 pm/V, resp.

IΤ 373357-44-9P

> (in synthesis of calix[4]resorcinearene novel photofunctional materials)

373357-44-9 HCAPLUS

CN Pentacyclo[19.3.1.13,7.19,13.115,19]octacosa-

1(25), 3, 5, 7(28), 9, 11, 13(27), 15, 17, 19(26), 21, 23-dodecaene, 2,8,14,20-tetramethv1-4,6,10,12,16,18,22,24-octakis[[6-[4-[(1E)-(4nitrophenyl)azo]phenoxy]hexyl]oxy]-, stereoisomer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry. Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-B

PAGE 2-C

NO2

IT 373357-44-9P

CC 74-12 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes) Section cross-reference(s): 73

⁽in synthesis of calix[4]resorcinearene novel photofunctional

materials)

REFERENCE COUNT: 7 THERE ARE 7 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE

RE FORMAT

L35 ANSWER 28 OF 50 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:508167 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 133:142612

TITLE: Calixarenes for use as dissolution inhibitors in

lithographic photoresist compositions

INVENTOR(S): Ito, Hiroshi; Nakayama, Tomonari; Ueda, Mitsuru

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): International Business Machines Corp., USA

SOURCE: U.S., 18 pp.
CODEN: USXXAM

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 6093517	A	20000725	US 1998-127325	19980731
			<	
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1998-127325	19980731
			<	

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 133:142612

ED Entered STN: 27 Jul 2000

The invention relates generally to photolithog. particularly, to dissoln. inhibitors for use in a lithog. photoresist composition The lithog. photoresist composition contains novel calixarene compds., particularly calix[4]resorcinarenes that are partially or wholly protected with acid-labile groups, as dissoln. inhibitors. A process for using the composition to generate resist images on a substrate is described, i.e., in the manufacture of integrated circuits or the like.

IT 65338-98-9

(dissoln. behavior of calixarenes for use as dissoln. inhibitors in lithog. photoresist compns.)

RN 65338-98-9 HCAPLUS

CN Pentacyclo[19.3.1.13,7.19,13.115,19]octacosa-1(25),3,5,7(28),9,11,13(27),15,17,19(26),21,23-dodecaene-

4,6,10,12,16,18,22,24-octol, 2,8,14,20-tetramethyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

IC ICM G03F007-039

INCL 430270100

CC 74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)

Section cross-reference(s): 25, 35 ST calixarene dissoln inhibitor lithog photoresist

IT Dissolution

Integrated circuits Photolithography

Photoresists

(calixarenes for use as dissoln. inhibitors in lithog.

photoresist compns.)

IT Dendritic polymers Metacyclophanes

stacyclophanes
(calixarenes for use as dissoln. inhibitors in lithog.
 photoresist compns.)

IT 65338-98-9

(dissoln. behavior of calixarenes for use as dissoln. inhibitors in lithog. photoresist compns.)

IT 274681-52-6P 286437-13-6P 286437-14-7P 286455-02-5P 286455-03-6P 286455-04-7P 286455-05-8P 286455-06-9P 286455-07-0P 286455-08-1P 286455-24-1P 286455-25-2P 286455-23-6P 286455-28-6P 28

286455-30-9P 286455-31-0P

(preparation of, calixarenes for use as dissoln. inhibitors in lithog.

photoresist compns.)

REFERENCE COUNT: 17 THERE ARE 17 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L35 ANSWER 29 OF 50 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:468070 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 133:90239

TITLE: Cyclic compounds useful as curing accelerators for 2-cyanoacrylates and 2-cyanoacrylate compositions

therewith

INVENTOR(S): Tajima, Seitaro; Sato, Sanzen
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Mitsui Chemicals Inc., Japan
SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 8 pp.
CODEN: JKXXAF
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: Japanese FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

ED Entered STN: 12 Jul 2000

GI

AB Title cyclic compns. are represented by the general formula I, where Y = H, OH, or OR (R does not initiate polymerization of 2-cyanoacrylates); at least one of Y = OR; at least one of remained Y = OH or OR; n = integer of ≥ 4 ; Rl = H or Me; and R2 = H or substituted group which does not initiate polymerization of 2-cyanoacrylates. Thus, an adhesive composition comprising Et 2-cyanoacrylate and 1% I (all Y = OCH2COCH2CH3, n = 4, Rl = Me, R2 = H) prepared from pyrogallol, 1,1-diethoxyethane, and Et bromoacetate was applied on methacrylic resin, chloroprene rubber, flexible PVC, SUS, or beech and cured at 25° for 18 h showing good instantaneous adhesion and giving a cured product without whitening.

(preparation of cyclic compds. useful as curing accelerators for 2-cyanoacrylate polymer adhesives)

```
____OEt
___ CH2__ CH2__ OEt
--- CH2-- CH2-- OEt
____ OEt
    ICM C07C069-734
    ICS C07C069-738; C08F004-00; C08F022-32; C09J004-04; C09J011-06;
         C09J135-04
    37-6 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing)
    Section cross-reference(s): 25, 38, 39, 67
TΤ
    280569-32-6P 280569-33-7P 280569-34-8P
       (preparation of cyclic compds. useful as curing accelerators for
       2-cyanoacrylate polymer adhesives)
L35 ANSWER 30 OF 50 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                        1999:764425 HCAPLUS Full-text
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                        132:151554
TITLE:
                        Synthesis of calix[4]resorcinarenes bearing
                        thioether functionality at the extraannular
                        positions
AUTHOR(S):
                        Morikawa, Osamu; Mivashiro, Makoto; Yamaguchi,
                        Hiroshi; Kobayashi, Kazuhiro; Konishi, Hisatoshi
CORPORATE SOURCE:
                        Dep. Materials Science, Faculty Engineering,
                        Tottori Univ., Tottori, 680, Japan
                        Supramolecular Chemistry (1999), 11(1), 67-72
SOURCE:
                        CODEN: SCHEER; ISSN: 1061-0278
PUBLISHER:
                        Gordon & Breach Science Publishers
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                        Journal
LANGUAGE:
                        English
OTHER SOURCE(S):
                        CASREACT 132:151554
```

ED Entered STN: 03 Dec 1999

GI

AB The reactions of calix(4)resorcinarene I (R = H) with thiols and H2CO in the presence of Et3M gave tetrakis(thiomethylated) calix(4)resorcinarenes I (R = CH2SR1 with R1 = hexyl, cyclopentyl, CMe3, PhCH2, Ph, 4-MeC6H4, 4-C1C6H4, 2-naphthyl) in good yield. IH NMR characterization shows that in CDC13 solution these compds. exist in a cone conformation. The presence of a circular H-bonding network consisting of 2 types of intramol. H-bonds, OH...S and OH...OH, is indicated based on IR spectroscopy.

IT 185853-98-9P

(preparation of calixresorcinarenes containing extraannular thioether moieties)

RN 185853-98-9 HCAPLUS

CN Pentacyclo[19.3.1.13,7.19,13.115,19]octacosa1(25),3,5,7(28),9,11,13(27),15,17,19(26),21,23-dodecaene4,6,10,12,16,18,22,24-octo1,5,11,17,23-tetrakis[[(1,1dimethylethyl)thio]methyl]-2,8,14,20-tetramethyl-, stereoisomer (CA
INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.

25-29 (Benzene, Its Derivatives, and Condensed Benzenoid Compounds)

TT 185853-87-6P 185853-90-1P 185853-93-4P 185853-96-7P

185853-98-9P 257938-55-9P 257938-56-0P 257938-57-1P

(preparation of calixresorcinarenes containing extraannular thioether moieties)

REFERENCE COUNT:

20 THERE ARE 20 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE

RE FORMAT

L35 ANSWER 31 OF 50 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:744383 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER · 132:7560

TITLE: Acid-decomposable group-containing calixarenes,

calixresorcinarenes, and photosensitive

<--

composition for resist

INVENTOR(S): Nishikubo, Tadaomi; Kameyama, Atsushi; Ota,

Yoshihisa

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): JSR Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 15 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF Patent

DOCUMENT TYPE:

LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 11322656	A	19991124	JP 1998-146597	19980511
			<	
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1998-146597	19980511

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 132:7560

ED Entered STN: 24 Nov 1999

For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue. GI

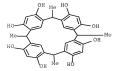
- AR The composition contains ≥1 calix(resorcin)arenes I (R1, R2 = H, C1-5 alkyl; R3 = H, O2CBu-t, SiMe3, cyclohexenyl; n = 1-3; m = 4-12) and a photo-acid generator. The composition is useful as pos.-working chemical amplified resists.
- 65338-98-9P, Calix[4]resorcinarene 250715-31-2P

(acid-decomposable group-containing calixarenes or calixresorcinarenes for photoresists)

- 65338-98-9 HCAPLUS RN
- CN Pentacyclo[19.3.1.13.7.19.13.115.19]octacosa-

1(25), 3, 5, 7(28), 9, 11, 13(27), 15, 17, 19(26), 21, 23-dodecaene-

4,6,10,12,16,18,22,24-octol, 2,8,14,20-tetramethyl- (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 250715-31-2 HCAPLUS

CN Carbonic acid, 2,8,14,20-

tetramethylpentacyclo[19.3.1.13,7.19,13.115,19]octacosa-1(25),3,5,7(28),9,11,13(27),15,17,19(26),21,23-dodecaene-

4,6,10,12,16,18,22,24-octayl octakis(1,1-dimethylethyl) ester (9CI)

(CA INDEX NAME)

IC ICM C07C043-235

ICS C07C069-33; C07F007-18; G03F007-039

CC 74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes) Section cross-reference(s): 25

ST calixarene calixresorcinarene photosensitive compn resist; acid

decomposable calixarene calixresorcinarene photoresist

IT Positive photoresists

(acid-decomposable group-containing calixarenes or calixresorcinarenes for photoresists)

1521-51-3,

IT Metacyclophanes

(calixarenes; acid-decomposable group-containing calixarenes or calixresorcinarenes for photoresists)

108-46-3, 1,3-Benzenediol, reactions 123-63-7

3-Bromocyclohexene 68971-82-4, p-tert-Butylcalix(8)arene 250715-27-6 250715-28-7, p-Methylcalix(7)arene 250715-30-1, p-Methylcalix(8)arene

(acid-decomposable group-containing calixarenes or calixresorcinarenes for photoresists)

IT 65338-98-9P, Calix[4]resorcinarene 68971-83-5P

160399-38-2P 250715-26-5P 250715-31-2P 250715-32-3P 250715-33-4P 250715-34-5P 250715-35-6P 250715-36-7P

250715-33-4P 250715-34-5P 250715-35-6P 2 250715-37-8P 250715-39-0P 250715-40-3P

(acid-decomposable group-containing calixarenes or calixresorcinarenes for photoresists)

L35 ANSWER 32 OF 50 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:513131 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 131:293195

TITLE: Novel dissolution inhibitors based on calixarene derivatives for use in chemical amplification

resists

Ito, Hiroshi; Nakayama, Tomonari; Ueda, Mitsuru; AUTHOR(S):

Sherwood, Mark; Miller, Dolores

IBM Almaden Research Center, San Jose, CA, 95120, CORPORATE SOURCE:

USA

SOURCE . Polymeric Materials Science and Engineering

(1999), 81, 51-52

CODEN: PMSEDG; ISSN: 0743-0515

PUBLISHER: American Chemical Society

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

ED Entered STN: 18 Aug 1999 AB

Calix[4]resorcinarenes were synthesized by condensing resorcinol with aldehydes (acetaldehyde, benzaldehyde, and 4-isopropylbenzaldehyde) and separated into C4v and C2v, isomers. All eight OH groups were protected with acid-labile groups such as tBOC and tBuOCOCH2. The protected calixarenes have been found to be excellent dissoln, inhibitors for use in chemical amplification resists.

246023-01-8P 246023-03-0P TТ

> (novel dissoln, inhibitors based on calix[4]resorcinarenes for use in chemical amplification resists)

246023-01-8 HCAPLUS RN

CN tetramethylpentacyclo[19.3.1.13.7.19.13.115.19]octacosa-1(25), 3, 5, 7(28), 9, 11, 13(27), 15, 17, 19(26), 21, 23-dodecaene-4,6,10,12,16,18,22,24-octavl) C,C',C'',C''',C'''',C''''',C''''',C'''''-octakis(1,1-dimethylethyl) ester (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.

246023-03-0 HCAPLUS RN Acetic acid, 2,2',2'',2''',2'''',2''''',2''''',2'''''-[(2,8,14,20tetramethylpentacyclo[19.3.1.13,7.19,13.115,19]octacosa-1(25), 3, 5, 7(28), 9, 11, 13(27), 15, 17, 19(26), 21, 23-dodecaene-4,6,10,12,16,18,22,24-octayl)octakis(oxy)]octakis-,

1,1',1'',1''',1'''',1''''',1''''',1'''''-octakis(1,1-dimethylethyl)

ester, stereoisomer (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.

74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes) Section cross-reference(s): 38, 76

74410-61-0DP, t-butoxycarbonyl- or t-butoxycabonylmethyl-protected 145843-14-7DP, t-butoxycarbonyl- or t-butoxycabonylmethyl-protected 246023-01-8P 246023-03-0P 246023-04-1DP,

t-butoxycarbonyl- or t-butoxycabonylmethyl-protected 246023-06-3P 246024-56-6DP, t-butoxycarbonyl- or t-butoxycabonylmethyl-protected (novel dissoln. inhibitors based on calix[4]resorcinarenes for use in chemical amplification resists)

THERE ARE 16 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR REFERENCE COUNT: 16 THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE

RE FORMAT

L35 ANSWER 33 OF 50 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:44198 HCAPLUS Full-text 130:202814

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

TITLE: A New Photoresist Based on Calix[4]resorcinarene Dendrimer

AUTHOR(S): Haba, Osamu; Haga, Kohji; Ueda, Mitsuru; Morikawa,

Osamu; Konishi, Hisatoshi

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Human Sensing and Functional Sensor

Engineering Graduate School of Engineering,

Yamagata University, Yamagata, 992-8510, Japan SOURCE:

Chemistry of Materials (1999), 11(2), 427-432

CODEN: CMATEX; ISSN: 0897-4756

PUBLISHER: American Chemical Society

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal English

LANGUAGE: ED Entered STN: 22 Jan 1999

AB A new dendrimer (1), which contains phenol groups in the exterior for

solubilization in aqueous alkaline solution and calix[4]resorcinarene in the interior to increase the mol. weight and number of the phenol group even in the lower generation, was designed as new neq.-working, alkaline-developable photoresist material. A neg.-working photoresist based on 1, 2,6bis(hydroxymethyl)phenol as crosslinker, and diphenyliodonium 9,10-

10/531,208

dimethoxyanthracene-2-sulfonate as a photoacid generator was developed. This resist gave a clear neg. pattern through postbaking at 110° after exposure to UV light, followed by developing with a 0.3% aqueous Me4NOH solution at room temperature

IT 196298-31-4P

(in synthesis of calix[4]resorcinarene dendrimer)

RN 196298-31-4 HCAPLUS

CN Pentacyclo[19,3.1.13,7.19,13.115,19]octacosa-1(25),3,5,7(28),9,11,13(27),15,17,19(26),21,23-dodecaene, 4,6,10,12,16,18,22,24-octakis[13,5-bis(2-propen-1-

yloxy)phenyl]methoxy]-2,8,14,20-tetramethyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-B

- CH= CH2

PAGE 2-A

PAGE 3-A

H2C CH_CH2_O O_CH2_CH_CH2_CH_CH2_CH

PAGE 4-A

CC 74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic

and Other Reprographic Processes)
IT 135710-38-2P, Methyl 3,5-di(allyloxy)benzoate 177837-80-8P,

3,5-Di(allyloxy)benzyl alcohol 196298-31-4P

(in synthesis of calix[4]resorcinarene dendrimer)

REFERENCE COUNT: 14 THERE ARE 14 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L35 ANSWER 34 OF 50 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:781642 HCAPLUS Full-text DOCUMENT NUMBER: 130:146122 TITLE: A New Three-Component Photoresi.

A New Three-Component Photoresist Based on Calix[4]resorcinarene Derivative, a Crosslinker,

and a Photoacid Generator

AUTHOR(S): Nakayama, Tomonari; Nomura, Masayoshi; Haga,

Kohji; Ueda, Mitsuru

CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Human Sensing and Functional Sensor Eng., Graduate School of Eng., Yamagata University,

Yonezawa, Yamagata, 992-8510, Japan

SOURCE:

Bulletin of the Chemical Society of Japan (1998),

71(12), 2979-2984

CODEN: BCSJA8: ISSN: 0009-2673

PUBLISHER: Chemical Society of Japan

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal English LANGUAGE: Entered STN: 14 Dec 1998 ED

Calix[4]resorcinarene [2,8,14,20-tetramethylcalix[4]arene-AR

4,6,10,12,16,18,22,24-octol; C4-RA](4) having p-hydroxybenzyl groups on its exterior was prepared by the condensation of C4-RA and p-(allyloxy)benzyl bromide, followed by the cleavage of allyl groups with palladium catalyst and ammonium formate. Compound 4 having high transparency to UV-light above 300 nm was considered for a new resist matrix. A three-component photoresist consisting of 4, 2,6-bis(hydroxymethyl)-4-methylphenol (BHMP), and diphenyliodonium 9,10-dimethoxyanthracene-2-sulfonate (DIAS) showed a sensitivity of 19 mJ cm-2(D1/2) and a contrast of 3.0 $(\gamma 1/2)$ when it was exposed to 365 nm light and post-exposure baked (PEB) at 110 °C for 5 min, followed by developing with a 0.2 wt% aqueous tetramethylammonium hydroxide (TMAH) solution A fine neg. image featuring 1 µm of min. line and space patterns was observed on film of the photoresist exposed to 40 mJ-cm-2of UVlight at 365 nm with a scanning electron microscope.

220033-50-1P

(in synthesis of calix[4]resorcinarene derivative for photoresist formulation)

220033-50-1 HCAPLUS RN

CN Pentacyclo[19.3.1.13.7.19.13.115.19]octacosa-

1(25), 3, 5, 7(28), 9, 11, 13(27), 15, 17, 19(26), 21, 23-dodecaene, 2,8,14,20-tetramethyl-4,6,10,12,16,18,22,24-octakis[[4-(2-propen-1-

vloxy)phenyl]methoxy]- (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-B

== CH2

__ CH___CH 2

PAGE 2-A

PAGE 3-A



CC 74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic

and Other Reprographic Processes)

3256-45-9P, p-(Allyloxy)benzyl alcohol 143116-30-7P, p-(Allyloxy)benzyl bromide 220033-50-1P

(in synthesis of calix[4]resorcinarene derivative for photoresist formulation)

REFERENCE COUNT:

20 THERE ARE 20 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L35 ANSWER 35 OF 50 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:758628 HCAPLUS Full-text 130:73852

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

Phenolic dendrimer and radiation-sensitive TITLE: composition containing it for resist

INVENTOR(S): Ueda, Mitsuru PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

JSR Co., Ltd., Japan

10/531,208

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 25 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF Patent

DOCUMENT TYPE:

LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

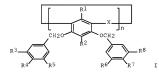
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 10310545	A	19981124	JP 1997-136066	19970509
			<	
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1997-136066	19970509

<--

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 130:73852 ED Entered STN: 03 Dec 1998

GI



- AB Title composition contains phenolic dendrimer I (RI-R8 = H, OH, halo, alkyl, aryl, aralkyl, alkony, alkenyl, alkenyloxy, acyl, alkoxycarbonyl, akyloyloxy, aryloyloxy, cyano, NO2; \geq 1 of R3-R8 = OH; X = single bond, CR9R10; R9, R10 = H, alkyl, aryl; n=3-8). The composition is useful as resist showing high sensitivity and resolution
- IT 65338-98-9P 196298-31-4P

(in preparation of phenolic dendrimer for radiation-sensitive resist composition)

- RN 65338-98-9 HCAPLUS
- CN Pentacyclo[19.3.1.13,7.19,13.115,19]octacosa-1(25),3,5,7(28),9,11,13(27),15,17,19(26),21,23-dodecaene-

4,6,10,12,16,18,22,24-octol, 2,8,14,20-tetramethyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

- RN 196298-31-4 HCAPLUS
- CN Pentacyclo[19.3.1.13,7.19,13.115,19]octacosa-1(25),3,5,7(28),9,11,13(27),15,17,19(26),21,23-dodecaene, 4,6,10,12,16,18,22,24-octakis[(3,5-bis(2-propen-1yloxy)phenyl]methoxy]-2,8,14,20-tetramethyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-B

- CH= CH2

PAGE 2-A

PAGE 3-A

$$H_2$$
C=CH-CH₂- Q

PAGE 4-A

IC ICM C07C043-23

ICS G03F007-022; G03F007-038; H01L021-027

CC 74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes) Section cross-reference(s): 25

IT Photoresists

(radiation-sensitive resist composition containing phenolic dendrimer) IT 2150-44-9P, Methyl 3,5-dihydroxybenzoate 65338-98-9F

135710-38-2P, Methyl 3,5-bis(allyloxy)benzoate 177837-80-8P 182058-69-1P 196293-31-4P

(in preparation of phenolic dendrimer for radiation-sensitive resist composition)

L35 ANSWER 36 OF 50 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:592926 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 129:283338

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 129:57637a,57640a

TITLE: Calixarene and dendrimer as novel

photoresist materials
AUTHOR(S): Haba, Osamu; Takahashi, Daisuk

THOR(S): Haba, Osamu; Takahashi, Daisuke; Haga, Kohji; Sakai, Yoshimasa; Nakayama, Tomonari; Ueda,

Mitsuru

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Human Sensing and Functional Sensor

Engineering, Graduate School of Engineering, Yamagata University, Yamagata, 992, Japan ACS Symposium Series (1998), 706 (Micro-

SOURCE: ACS Symposium Series (1996), 706 (Microand Nanopatterning Polymers), 237-248

CODEN: ACSMC8; ISSN: 0097-6156
PUBLISHER: American Chemical Society

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English ED Entered STN: 18 Sep 1998

Neg.-working alkaline developable photoresists based on calix[4]-resorcinarene (1) or calixarene dendrimer (2), a crosslinker, and a photoacid generator have been developed. Compound 2 was prepared by the condensation of compound 1 with 3,5-diallyloxybenzylbromide, followed by the removal of allyl groups. The resist consisting of 1 (70 wt%), a photoacid generator, diphenyliodonium 9,10-dimethoxyanthracene-2-sulfonate (DIAS) (10 wt%), and 4,4-methylenebis[2,6-bie(hydroxymethyl)-phenol] (MBHP) (20 wt%) as a crosslinker showed a sensitivity of 2.2 mJ-cm-2 and a contrast of 3.1 when it was exposed to 365 nm light and postbaked at 130°C for 3 min, followed by developing with a 0.1% aqueous tetramethylammonium hydroxide (TMAH) solution On the other hand, the resist formulated by mixing 2 (70 wt%), DIAS (10 wt%), and the crosslinker, 2,6-bis(hydroxymethyl)phenol (BHP) produced a clear neg, pattern by the exposure of 365 nm (10 mJ-cm-2) UV light, postbaked at 110°C for 3 min, and developed with a 0.3% TMAH acueous solution

IT 196298-31-4P

(in synthesis of calix[4]-resorcinarene dendrimer for photoresist material)

RN 196298-31-4 HCAPLUS

CN Pentacyclo[19.3.1.13,7.19,13.115,19]octacosa1(25),3,5,7(28),9,11,13(27),15,17,19(26),21,23-dodecaene,
4,6,10,12,16,18,22,24-octakis[[3,5-bis(2-propen-1yloxy)phenyl]methoxy]-2,8,14,20-tetramethyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{PAGE 1-A} \\ \text{H}_2\text{C} = \text{CH} = \text{CH}_2 - \text{CH} = \text{CH}_2 \\ \text{H}_2\text{C} = \text{CH} = \text{CH}_2 - \text{O} - \text{CH}_2 \\ \text{H}_2\text{C} = \text{CH} = \text{CH}_2 - \text{O} - \text{CH}_2 \\ \text{Me} \\ \text{H}_2\text{C} = \text{CH} = \text{CH}_2 - \text{O} - \text{CH}_2 \\ \text{H}_2\text{C} = \text{CH} = \text{CH}_2 - \text{O} - \text{CH}_2 - \text{O} \\ \text{H}_2\text{C} = \text{CH} = \text{CH}_2 - \text{O} - \text{CH}_2 - \text{O} \\ \text{H}_2\text{C} = \text{CH} = \text{CH}_2 - \text{O} - \text{CH}_2 - \text{O} \\ \text{H}_2\text{C} = \text{CH} = \text{CH}_2 - \text{O} - \text{CH}_2 - \text{O} \\ \text{H}_2\text{C} = \text{CH} = \text{CH}_2 - \text{O} - \text{CH}_2 - \text{O} \\ \text{H}_2\text{C} = \text{CH} = \text{CH}_2 - \text{O} - \text{CH}_2 - \text{O} \\ \text{H}_2\text{C} = \text{CH} = \text{CH}_2 - \text{O} - \text{CH}_2 - \text{O} \\ \text{H}_2\text{C} = \text{CH} = \text{CH}_2 - \text{O} - \text{CH}_2 - \text{O} \\ \text{H}_2\text{C} = \text{CH} = \text{CH}_2 - \text{O} - \text{CH}_2 - \text{O} \\ \text{H}_2\text{C} = \text{CH} = \text{CH}_2 - \text{O} - \text{CH}_2 - \text{O} \\ \text{H}_2\text{C} = \text{CH}_2\text{C} - \text{CH}_2 - \text{O} \\ \text{CH}_2\text{C} = \text{CH}_2\text{C} - \text{CH}_2\text{C} - \text{CH}_2 - \text{O} \\ \text{CH}_2\text{C} = \text{CH}_2\text{C} - \text{CH}_2\text{C} - \text{CH}_2\text{C} - \text{CH}_2\text{C} - \text{CH}_2\text{C} - \text{CH}_2\text{C} \\ \text{CH}_2\text{C} = \text{CH}_2\text{C} - \text{C} - \text{CH}_2\text{C} - \text{C} - \text{CH}_2\text{C} - \text{C} -$$

PAGE 1-B

— CH— CH2

— СН2—СН== СН2

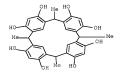
PAGE 3-A

PAGE 4-A

IT 65338-98-9, Calix[4]resorcinarene

(neg.-working alkaline developable photoresists based on calix[4]-resorcinarene and containing crosslinker and photoacid generator)

- RN 65338-98-9 HCAPLUS
- CN Pentacyclo[19.3.1.13,7.19,13.115,19]octacosa-(125),3,5,7(28),9,11,13(27),15,17,19(26),21,23-dodecaene-4,6,10,12,16,18,22,24-octol, 2,8,14,20-tetramethyl- (CA INDEX NAME)



- CC 74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)
- ST photoresist calixarene dendrimer crosslinker photoacid generator
- IT Crosslinking

10/531,208

(neg.-working alkaline developable photoresists based on calix[4]-resorcinarene and containing crosslinker and photoacid generator)

ΤT Dendritic polymers

Oligomers

(neg.-working alkaline developable photogesists based on calix[4]-resorcinarene dendrimer and containing crosslinker and photoacid generator)

2937-59-9, 2,6-Bis(hydroxymethyl)phenol 13653-12-8.

4,4'-Methylenebis(2,6-bis(hydroxymethyl)-phenol)

(crosslinker; neg.-working alkaline developable photoresists based on calix[4]-resorcinarene dendrimer and containing crosslinker and photoacid generator)

75-59-2, Tetramethylammonium hydroxide

(developer; neg.-working alkaline developable photoresists based on calix[4]-resorcinarene dendrimer and containing crosslinker and photoacid generator)

13965-03-2, Bis(triphenylphosphine)palladium dichloride (in synthesis of calix[4]-resorcinarene dendrimer for photoresist material)

ΤТ 196298-31-4P

> (in synthesis of calix[4]-resorcinarene dendrimer for photoresist material)

135710-38-2P 177837-80-8P 182058-69-1P

(in synthesis of calix[4]-resorcinarene dendrimer for photoresist material)

65338-98-9, Calix[4]resorcinarene

(neg.-working alkaline developable photoresists based on calix[4]-resorcinarene and containing crosslinker and photoacid generator)

196298-30-3P

(neg.-working alkaline developable photoresists based on calix[4]-resorcinarene dendrimer and containing crosslinker and photoacid generator)

137308-86-2, Diphenyliodonium 9,10-dimethoxyanthracene-2-sulfonate (photoacid generator; neg.-working alkaline developable photoresists based on calix[4]-resorcinarene and containing crosslinker and photoacid generator)

тт 2150-44-9, Methyl 3,5-dihydroxybenzoate

(reaction with bromopropene in synthesis of calix[4]-resorcinarene dendrimer for photoresist material)

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 12 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR 12 THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L35 ANSWER 37 OF 50 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:590834 HCAPLUS Full-text 129:237677 DOCUMENT NUMBER:

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 129:48223a,48226a

TITLE: Negative-working radiation-sensitive composition containing cyclic polyphenol compound

Ueda, Mitsuru; Goto, Kohei; Matsubara, Minoru INVENTOR(S):

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): JSR Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 7 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

10/531,208

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 10239843	A	19980911	JP 1997-61894	19970228
			<	
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1997-61894	19970228
			<	

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 129:237677

ED Entered STN: 17 Sep 1998

GI



AB The title composition contains (a) a cyclic polyphenol compound I [R1-4 = H, OH, halo, alkyl, aryl, aralkyl, alkoxy, alkenyl, acyl, akoxycarbonyl, alkyloyloxy, aryloyloxy, CN, NO2 (these groups may be substituted), 21 of R1-4 is OH; X = single bond or CR5R6 (R5, R6 = H, alkyl, aryl); n = 3-8], (b) a radiation acid-generating agent, and (c) a crosslinking agent. The composition shows high photosensitivity and provides high resolution resist patterns.

T 65338-98-9P

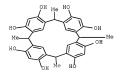
(neg.-working photoresist composition containing cyclic polyphenol compound, acid generator, and crosslinking agent)

RN 65338-98-9 HCAPLUS

CN Pentacyclo[19.3.1.13,7.19,13.115,19]octacosa-

1(25),3,5,7(28),9,11,13(27),15,17,19(26),21,23-dodecaene-

4,6,10,12,16,18,22,24-octol, 2,8,14,20-tetramethyl- (CA INDEX NAME)



IC ICM G03F007-038

ICS G03F007-004; H01L021-027

CC 74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)

IT Resists

(neg.-working radiation-sensitive; neg.-working photoresist

composition containing cyclic polyphenol compound, acid generator, and crosslinking agent)

IT 65338-98-9P

(neg.-working photoresist composition containing cyclic polyphenol compound, acid generator, and crosslinking agent)

IT 91-04-3, 2,6-Bis(hydroxymethyl)-4-methylphenol 3089-11-0, Hexamethoxymethylmelamine 137308-86-2, Diphenyliodonium

9,10-dimethoxy anthracene-2-sulfonate 212614-61-4

(neg.-working photoresist composition containing cyclic polyphenol compound, acid generator, and crosslinking agent)

L35 ANSWER 38 OF 50 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:561964 HCAPLUS Full-text DOCUMENT NUMBER: 129:260215

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 129:53029a,53032a

TITLE: Selective Derivatizations of Resorcarenes. 4.

General Methods for the Synthesis of C2v-Symmetrical Derivatives

AUTHOR(S): Shivanyuk, Alexander; Paulus, Erich F.; Boehmer,

Volker; Vogt, Walter

CORPORATE SOURCE: Institut fuer Organische Chemie, Johannes

Gutenberg-Universitaet, Mainz, D-55099, Germany SOURCE: Journal of Organic Chemistry (1998), 63(19),

SOURCE: Journal of Organic Chemistry (1998), 63(19), 6448-6449

6448-6449 CODEN: JOCEAH; ISSN: 0022-3263

PUBLISHER: American Chemical Society

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 129:260215

ED Entered STN: 04 Sep 1998

GI

AB Regioselective tetraacylation of resorcarenes was achieved with aroyl and heteroaryl chlorides or benzyl chloroformate in MeCN in the presence of Et3N. The tetraesters I (R1 = Me, pentyl, PhCHZCH2, R2 = aroyl, heteroaroyl, or

PhCH2O) obtained in gram quantities are promising intermediates for the preparation of C2v-sym. tetraethers, aliphatic tetraesters, and resorcarene derivs. selectively substituted in the 2-positions of opposite resorcinol rings. The single-crystal x-ray structures of I.5DMSO (R1 = Me, R2 = 4-MeCGH4) and I.3MeCN.H2O (R1 = pentyl, R2 = 4-MeCGH4) are described.

213666-82-19

(preparation and catalytic hydrogenation of)

RN 213666-82-1 HCAPLUS

CN Carbonic acid, (2R,8s,14R,20S)-10,12,22,24-tetrakis[[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]oxy]-2,8,14,20-tetramethylentacyclo[19.3.1.13,7.19,13.115,19]octacosa-1(25),3,5,7(28),9,11,13(27),15,17,19(26),21,23-dodecaene-4,6,16,18-tetravl tetrakig (phenylmethyl) ester, rel- (9C1) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.

IT 213666-85-4P

(preparation and regioselective aminomethylation of)

RN 213666-85-4 HCAPLUS

CN Carbonic acid, (2R,8S,14R,20S)-10,12,22,24-tetrahydroxy-2,8,14,20-tetramethylpentacyclo[19.3.1.13,7.19,13.115,19]octacosa-1(25),3,5,7(28),9,11,13(27),15,17,19(26),21,23-dodecaene-4,6,16,18-tetravl tetrakis(1,1-dimethylethyl) ester, rel- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.

- IT 213666-70-7P
- (preparation of)
- RN 213666-70-7 HCAPLUS
- CN 2-Furancarboxylic acid, (2R,88,14R,20S)-10,12,22,24-tetrahydroxy-2,8,14,20-tetramethylpentacyclo[19,3.1.13,7.19,13.115,19]octacosa-1(25),3,5,7(28),9,11,13(27),15,17,19(26),21,23-dodecaene-4,6,16,18-tetrayl ester, rel- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.

PAGE 2-A

CC 25-29 (Benzene, Its Derivatives, and Condensed Benzenoid Compounds) Section cross-reference(s): 75

TT 213666-81-0P 213666-82-1P 213666-83-2P

(preparation and catalytic hydrogenation of)

IT 213666-85-4P

(preparation and regioselective aminomethylation of)

213666-65-0P 213666-67-2P 213666-68-3P 213666-69-4P 213666-70-7P 213666-73-0P 213666-77-4P 213666-78-5P

213666-79-6P 213666-80-9P 213666-84-3P 213666-86-5P 213666-88-7P 213666-89-8P 213666-91-2P 213666-92-3P

(preparation of)

REFERENCE COUNT: 24 THERE ARE 24 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD, ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE REFORMAT

L35 ANSWER 39 OF 50 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:277409 HCAPLUS Full-text

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:277409 HCAPL DOCUMENT NUMBER: 129:10631

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 129:2215a,2218a

TITLE: Positive-working chemical amplification-type

photosensitive resin composition containing polyphenols and method for manufacturing resist

images

INVENTOR(S): Kato, Koji; Hashimoto, Masahiro; Hashimoto,

Michiaki
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Hitachi

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Hitachi Chemical Co., Ltd., Japan SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 7 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: Japanese

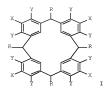
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 129:10631

ED Entered STN: 14 May 1998

GI



A pos.-type chemical amplification-series photosensitive resin composition AB contains (a) a resin soluble in aqueous alkali solution, (b) polyphenols (calix[4]arene) (I; X, Y = H, OH, provided that one of X and Y is OH in each benzene ring; R = H, C1-5 alkyl or alkoxy, Ph) (preparation given), (c) a compound generating an acid upon irradiation with active chemical ray, and (d) a compound possessing on the side chain, a group decomposable by acid which increases solubility in aqueous alkali solution by acid-catalyzed reaction. The content of low-mol, weight component having mol, weight ≤2,000 as polystyrene in the above composition is ≤10 weight%,. Also claimed is a method for preparing resist images, in which the coating of above resin composition is irradiated with active chemical ray and then developed. The composition provides resist patterns of good resolution and shows high sensitivity, high degree of resolution, and high heat resistance and is used for microprocessing of semiconductor devices. тт

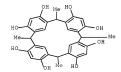
65338-98-9P

CN

(pos.-working chemical amplification-type photosensitive resin composition containing calixarene and method for manufacturing resist images)

RN 65338-98-9 HCAPLUS

> Pentacyclo[19.3.1.13,7.19,13.115,19]octacosa-1(25),3,5,7(28),9,11,13(27),15,17,19(26),21,23-dodecaene-4,6,10,12,16,18,22,24-octol, 2,8,14,20-tetramethyl- (CA INDEX NAME)



TC ICM G03F007-039

ICS G03F007-004; H01L021-027

74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)

pos working photoresist alkali sol; semiconductor device manuf photoresist; polyphenol photoresist chem

amplification photoresist; calixarene pos working photoresist

Photoresists

SOURCE:

ΙT

Semiconductor devices

(pos.-working chemical amplification-type photosensitive resin composition containing calixarene and method for manufacturing resist images)

24979-70-2DP, Poly(p-vinylphenol), tetrahydropyranyl-substituted 27029-76-1P, m-Cresol-p-cresol-formalin copolymer 60288-40-6P, Trimethylsulfonium trifluoromethanesulfonate 65338-98-98 137328-69-9P

> (pos.-working chemical amplification-type photosensitive resin composition containing calixarene and method for manufacturing resist images)

L35 ANSWER 40 OF 50 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:582364 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 127:270392

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 127:52645a

TITLE: A negative-working alkaline developable

photoresist based on

calix[4]resocinarenes, a crosslinker, and a photoacid generator

Ueda, Mitsuru; Takahashi, Daisuke; Nakayama, AUTHOR(S):

Tomonari; Haba, Osamu

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Human Sensing anf Functional Sensor Engineering, Graduate School of Engineering,

Yamagata University, Yonezawa, 992, Japan

Polymeric Materials Science and Engineering (1997), 77, 455-456

CODEN: PMSEDG; ISSN: 0743-0515

PUBLISHER: American Chemical Society

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

ED Entered STN: 12 Sep 1997 The classical diazonaphthoquinone/novolak resist is still the workhorse of the microelectronics industry. We are interested in calixarenes for resist materials as the substitute of novolak resin because of monodisperse materials and have developed a neg. working photoresist based on calix[4] resorcinarene, 4,4'-methylenebis[2,6-bis(hydroxymethyl)]phenol (MBHP) as cross-linker, and photoacid generator diphenyliodonium 9,10-dimethoxyanthracene-2-sulfonate (DIAS). A clear neq. pattern was obtained when it was exposed to 365 nm UV light and post baked at 130°C, followed by developing with a 0.5% aqueous tetramethylammonium hydroxide (TMAH) solution at room temperature Furthermore, to control the solubility to a TMAH developer, calix[4]methylresorcinarene as the matrix resin for the 2.38% TMAH aqueous

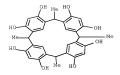
solution has also been developed.

65338-98-9 (neg.-working alkaline developable photoresist based on calix[4]resocinarenes, crosslinker, and photoacid generator)

RN 65338-98-9 HCAPLUS

CN Pentacyclo[19.3.1.13,7.19,13.115,19]octacosa-

1(25), 3, 5, 7(28), 9, 11, 13(27), 15, 17, 19(26), 21, 23-dodecaene-4,6,10,12,16,18,22,24-octol, 2,8,14,20-tetramethyl- (CA INDEX NAME)



74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)

Section cross-reference(s): 76

neg alk developable photoresist calixresocinarene

photolithog

Photolithography Photoresists

(neg.-working alkaline developable photoresist based on calix[4]resocinarenes, crosslinker, and photoacid generator)

ΙT Metacyclophanes

(neg.-working alkaline developable photoresist based on calix[4]resocinarenes, crosslinker, and photoacid generator)

13653-12-8, 4,4'-Methylenebis[2,6-bis(hydroxymethyl)]phenol (crosslinker; neg.-working alkaline developable photoresist based on calix[4]resocinarenes, crosslinker, and photoacid generator)

75-59-2, Tetramethylammonium hydroxide (developer; neg.-working alkaline developable photoresist based on calix[4]resocinarenes, crosslinker, and photoacid generator)

65338-98-9 138233-39-3

(neg.-working alkaline developable photoresist based on calix[4]resocinarenes, crosslinker, and photoacid generator)

137308-86-2, Diphenyliodonium 9,10-dimethoxyanthracene-2-sulfonate (photoacid generator; neg.-working alkaline developable photographist based on calix[4]resocinarenes, crosslinker. and photoacid generator)

L35 ANSWER 41 OF 50 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:582349 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 127:270381

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 127:52641a,52644a TITLE:

A positive-working alkaline developable photoresist based on benzylether dendrimer

and a dissolution inhibitor

AUTHOR(S): Haba, Osamu; Haga, Kohji; Ueda, Mitsuru CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Human Sensing and Functional Sensor

engineering, Graduate School of Engineering, Yamagata University, Yonezawa, 992, Japan

SOURCE: Polymeric Materials Science and Engineering (

1997), 77, 426-427

CODEN: PMSEDG: ISSN: 0743-0515 PUBLISHER: American Chemical Society

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

10/531,208

- AB Dendrimers are polymers with a new mol. architecture, which is characterized by possessing central poly-functional core, from which arise successive layers of monomer units with a branch occurring at each monomer unit. They are monodisperse materials as well as the calixarene, and their mol. weight reaches ten thousands as well as the novolak resin. Thus the dendrimers are promising material for high sensitive photogressets. We designed a new dendrimer which contains phenol groups in the exterior to be soluble in aqueous alkaline solution and calix[4]resorcinarene in the interior to increase the number of the phenol group even in the lower generation. We now report new pos.-working alkaline developable photoresist based on this dendrimer.
- IT 196298-31-4P

(pos.-working alkaline developable photoresist based on benzyl-ether dendrimer and dissoln, inhibitor)

RN 196298-31-4 HCAPLUS

PAGE 1-A

H2C=CH-CH2-O-CH2-CH=CH2

H2C=CH-CH2-O-CH2-CH2-O-CH2

R4

Me

H2C=CH-CH2-O-CH2-CH2-O-CH2

H2C=CH-CH2-O-CH2-O-CH2-O-CH2

H2C=CH-CH2-O-CH

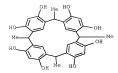
PAGE 1-B

— CH == CH 2

PAGE 3-A

PAGE 4-A

- ΙT 65338-98-9, Calix[4]resorcinarene
 - (pos.-working alkaline developable photoresist based on benzyl-ether dendrimer and dissoln. inhibitor)
- 65338-98-9 HCAPLUS RN
- Pentacyclo[19.3.1.13,7.19,13.115,19]octacosa-1(25), 3, 5, 7(28), 9, 11, 13(27), 15, 17, 19(26), 21, 23-dodecaene-4,6,10,12,16,18,22,24-octol, 2,8,14,20-tetramethyl- (CA INDEX NAME)



CC 74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)

ST pos alk developable photoresist benzylether dendrimer

IT Photoresists

(pos.-working alkaline developable photoresist based on benzyl-ether dendrimer and dissoln. inhibitor)

IT Dendritic polymers

(pos.-working alkaline developable photoresist based on benzyl-ether dendrimer and dissoln. inhibitor)

II 84522-08-7, 2,3,4-Tris(1-oxo-2-diazonaphthoquinone-4sulfonyloxy) benzophenone

(dissoln. inhibitor; pos.-working alkaline developable photoresist based on benzyl-ether dendrimer and dissoln. inhibitor)

IT 135710-38-2 177837-80-8 182058-69-1

(pos.-working alkaline developable photoresist based on benzyl-ether dendrimer and dissoln. inhibitor)

IT 67-64-1, 2-Propanone, uses 75-59-2, Tetramethylammonium hydroxide 109-99-9, THF, uses 111-96-6, Bis(2-methoxyethyl)ether 123-91-1, 1, 4-Dioxane, uses

(pos.-working alkaline developable photoresist based on benzyl-ether dendrimer and dissoln. inhibitor)

IT 196298-31-4P

(pos.-working alkaline developable photoresist based on benzyl-ether dendrimer and dissoln. inhibitor)

IT 106-95-6, 3-Bromopropene, reactions 540-69-2, Ammonium formate 558-13-4, Carbon bromide (Br4) 584-08-7, Potassium carbonate (K2CO3) 603-35-0, Triphenylphosphine, reactions 2150-44-9, Methyl-3,5-dihydroxy-benzoate 7681-82-5, Sodium iodide (NaI), reactions 13965-03-2, Bis(triphenylphosphine)palladium dichloride 16853-85-3 17455-13-9, 1,4,7,10,13,16-Hexaoxcyclooctadecane 53208-22-3, Diazonaphthoquinone 65338-98-9, Calix(4)resorcinarene

(pos.-working alkaline developable photoresist based on benzyl-ether dendrimer and dissoln. inhibitor)

I 196298-30-3P

(pos.-working alkaline developable photoresist based on benzyl-ether dendrimer and dissoln. inhibitor)

L35 ANSWER 42 OF 50 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:175638 HCAPLUS Full-text DOCUMENT NUMBER: 126:32323

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 126:62621a,62624a

TITLE: A negative-working alkaline developable photoresist based on

photoacid generator

AUTHOR(S): Nakayama, Tomonari; Haga, Kohji; Haba, Osamu;

Ueda, Mitsuru

CORPORATE SOURCE: Graduate School of Engineering, Yamaqata

University, Yonezawa, 992, Japan

SOURCE: Chemistry Letters (1997), (3), 265-266

CODEN: CMLTAG; ISSN: 0366-7022

PUBLISHER: Nippon Kagakkai DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: Journal English

ED Entered STN: 15 Mar 1997

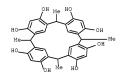
AB A neg. working photoresist based on calix[4]resorcinarene, 4,4'methylenebis[2,6-bis(hydroxymethyl)phenol] (MBHP) as a crosslinker, and a
photoacid generator, diphenyliodonium 9,10-dimethoxyanthracene-2-sulfonate
(DIAS), has been developed. A clear neg. pattern was obtained when it was
exposed to 365 nm UV light and postbaked at 130°C, followed by developing with
a 0.5% aqueous tetramethylammonium hydroxide solution at room temperature

65338-98-9, C-4-RA (neg.-working alkaline developable photoresist containing calik[4]resorcinarene and crosslinker and photoacid generator)

RN 65338-98-9 HCAPLUS

ΙT

N Pentacyclo[19.3.1.13,7.19,13.115,19]octacosa-1(25),3,5,7(28),9,11,13(27),15,17,19(26),21,23-dodecaene-4,6,10,12,16,18,22,24-octol, 2,8,14,20-tetramethyl- (CA INDEX NAME)



CC 74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)

ST lithog photoresist neg alk developable calixresorcinarene; calixarene lithog photoresist neg alk developable

IT Photoresists

(ne.; neg.-working alkaline developable photoresist containing calix[4]resorcinarene and crosslinker and photoacid generator)

IT Metacyclophanes

(neg.-working alkaline developable photoresist containing calix[4]resorcinarene and crosslinker and photoacid generator) 13653-12-8, 4,4'-Methylenebis[2,6-bis(hydroxymethyl)phenol]

(crosslinker; neg.-working alkaline developable photoresist containing calix[4]resorcinarene and crosslinker and photoacid generator)

IT 189315-92-2

(neg.-working alkaline developable photoresist containing calix[4]resorcinarene and crosslinker and photoacid generator)

IT 75-59-2, Tetramethylammonium hydroxide (neg.-working alkaline developable photoresist containing

calix[4]resorcinarene and crosslinker and photoacid generator)

IT 65838-98-9, C-4-RA

(neg.-working alkaline developable photorésist containing calix[4]resorcinarene and crosslinker and photoacid generator)

IT 137308-86-2, Diphenyliodonium 9,10-dimethoxyanthracene-2-sulfonate (photoacid generator; neg.-working alkaline developable photoresist containing calix[4]resorcinarene and crosslinker and photoacid generator)

REFERENCE COUNT: 7 THERE ARE 7 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR
THIS RECORD, ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE

RE FORMAT

L35 ANSWER 43 OF 50 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1996:725746 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 126:103913

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 126:20048h,20049a

TITLE: Functionalization at the extraannular positions of

calix[4]resorcinarene using a Mannich-type
thiomethylation

AUTHOR(S): Konishi, Hisatoshi; Yamaquchi, Hiroshi; Miyashiro,

Makoto; Kobayashi, Kazuhiro; Morikawa, Osamu CORPORATE SOURCE: Fac. Eng., Tottori Univ., Tottori, 680, Japan

SOURCE: Tetrahedron Letters (1996), 37(47), 8547-8548 CODEN: TELEAY; ISSN: 0040-4039

PUBLISHER: Elsevier

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English ED Entered STN: 11 Dec 1996

ED Elitered

AB Treatment of calix[4]resorcinarene I (R = H) with thiols and formaldehyde in the presence of triethylamine gave 42-71% thiomethylated calix[4]resorcinarenes I (R = CH2SR1, R1 = 2-naphthyl, Ph, p-ClC6H4, p-MeC6H4, tert-Bu). The thiomethylation also took place in acetic acid.

185853-98-9P

(preparation of)

RN 185853-98-9 HCAPLUS

CN Pentacyclo[19.3.1.13,7.19,13.115,19]octacosa1(25),3,5,7(28),9,11,13(27),15,17,19(26),21,23-dodecaene4,6,10,12,16,18,22,24-octo1, 5,11,17,23-tetrakis[[(1,1dimethylethyl)thio]methyl]-2,8,14,20-tetramethyl-, stereoisomer (CA
INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.

CC 25-29 (Benzene, Its Derivatives, and Condensed Benzenoid Compounds)

ΙT 185853-87-6P 185853-90-1P 185853-93-4P 185853-96-7P 185853-98-99

(preparation of)

REFERENCE COUNT:

14 THERE ARE 14 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L35 ANSWER 44 OF 50 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER:

1994:469532 HCAPLUS Full-text DOCUMENT NUMBER: 121:69532

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 121:12293a,12296a

TITLE:

Positive-working radiation-sensitive resist composition

INVENTOR(S):

Kajita, Tooru; Oota, Toshuki; Miura, Takao PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Japan Synthetic Rubber Co Ltd, Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 21 pp. CODEN: JKXXAF

Patent

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 05173333	A	19930713	JP 1991-354297	19911220
			<	
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1991-354297	19911220
			<	

ED Entered STN: 06 Aug 1994

AB The title composition comprises (1) an alkali-soluble resin, (2) a compound which will generate an acid on irradiation with a radiation, (3) an inclusion compound, and optionally (4) an agent capable of controlling solubility of (1) in an alkali solution or an agent capable of crosslinking the alkali-soluble resin in the presence of an acid. This composition shows high resolving power, good heat resistance, etc.

65338-98-9

(shotoresist composition containing)

RN 65338-98-9 HCAPLUS

CN Pentacyclo[19.3.1.13,7.19,13.115,19]octacosa-(125),3,5,7(28),9,11,13(27),15,17,19(26),21,23-dodecaene-4,6,10,12,16,18,22,24-octol, 2,8,14,20-tetramethyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

IC ICM G03F007-039

ICS G03F007-004; G03F007-028; H01L021-027

 ${\tt CC}-74-5$ (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)

II 1180-60-5 7585-39-9, β-Cyclodextrin 10016-20-3, α-Cyclodextrin 17465-86-0, γ-Cyclodextrin 65336-98-9 78092-53-2

(photeresist composition containing)

IT 95418-60-3P

(preparation and hydrolysis of, for photoresist composition)

IT 24979-70-2P, p-Hydroxystyrene homopolymer (preparation and reaction of, for photoresist composition)

IT 24979-70-2DP, p-Hydroxystyrene homopolymer, trimethylsilylated or

tetrahydroxypyranylated 25053-88-7DP, p-Cresol-formaldehyde copolymer, tetrahydroxypyranylated 25053-88-7P, p-Cresol-formaldehyde copolymer 25085-75-0P, Bisphenol A-formaldehyde copolymer 147625-42-1P

(preparation and use of, for photoresist composition)

L35 ANSWER 45 OF 50 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1993:591930 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 119:191930

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 119:34049a,34052a

TITLE: Photosensitive resin compositions and manufacture

of resist pattern

INVENTOR(S): Kato, Koji; Kasuya, Kei, Isobe, Asao
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Hitachi Chemical Co Ltd, Japan
SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 6 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

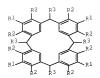
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 05113663	A	19930507	JP 1991-273945	19911022
			<	
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1991-273945	19911022

ED Entered STN: 30 Oct 1993

GI



- AB The title compns. contain an alkali-soluble novolak resin of which 30-100 weight% of the low mol. weight components with a mol. weight (converted to polystyrene) \$2000 are removed, a quinonediazide compound, and a phenolic cyclic compound I (RI = R2 = H, OH, ≥1 of RI and R2 should be OH; R3 = H, alkyl, alkoxy, Ph), and the coatings from the compns. are exposed and developed to give resist patterns. The compns. show good photosensitivity, high resolution, and improved thermal resistance and are useful as pos.—working resists for making integrated circuits. A resist prepared by using mcresol-p-cresol-HCHO copolymer (low mol. weight components 3 weight%), I (RI = H; R2 = OH; R3 = Me), and 2,4,7-trihydroxy-2,4,4-trimethylflavane-1,2-naphthoquinonediazido-5-sulfonic acid ester gave a submicron resist pattern.
- IT 65338-98-9P (preparation of, photoresist containing)

RN 65338-98-9 HCAPLUS

CN Pentacyclo (19.3.1.13,7.19,13.115,19] octacosa-(125),3,5,7(28),9,11,13(27),15,17,19(26),21,23-dodecaene-4,6,10,12,16,18,22,24-octol, 2,8,14,20-tetramethyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

- IC ICM G03F007-023
- ICS H01L021-027
- CC 74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes) Section cross-reference(s): 76
- ST novolak resin quinonediazide photoresist; phenol cyclic compd photoresist

IT Phenolic resins, uses

(novolak, photoresist from)

IT 140698-96-0 142541-99-9 (photoresist containing)

IT 27029-76-1, m-Cresol-p-cresol-formaldehyde copolymer 100346-90-5, m-Cresol-p-cresol-formaldehyde-2,5-xylenol copolymer 112504-03-7, m-Cresol-p-cresol-formaldehyde-3,5-xylenol copolymer 12504-03-7, m-Cresol-p-cresol-formaldehyde-3,5-xylenol copolymer 12504-03-7, m-Cresol-p-cresol-formaldehyde-3,5-xylenol copolymer 12504-03-7, m-Cresol-p-cresol-formaldehyde-3,5-xylenol copolymer 12504-03-7, m-Cresol-p-cresol-formaldehyde-3,5-xylenol copolymer 100346-90-5, m-Cresol-formaldehyde-3,5-xylenol copolymer 100346-90-5, m-Cresol-formaldehyde-3,5

(photoresist from) 65338-98-9P 137328-69-9P

(preparation of, photoresist containing)

L35 ANSWER 46 OF 50 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1993:202100 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 1993:202100

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 118:34533a,34536a

TITLE: Positive-working photoresist

compositions providing high resolution pattern INVENTOR(S): Kawabe, Yasumasa; Sakaguchi, Shinji; Kokubo,

Tadayoshi

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Japan SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 19 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 04296755	A	19921021	JP 1991-62152	19910326
			<	
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1991-62152	19910326

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 118:202100

ED Entered STN: 14 May 1993

GI

P

AB The photoresist compns. contain (1) an alkali-soluble novolak resin prepared by condensation of m-cresol 5-95, I (R1-3 = H, C1-4 alkyl, alkoxy, R1 ≠ R2 ≠ R3 ≠ H, excluding m-cresol) 5-95 mol%, and aldehydes, in which the dimer content is 2-6% as the ratio in area of gel permeation chromatog. pattern, (2) an aromatic polyhydric compound having 3-9 OH groups in its mol. (excluding polyhydroxybenzophenone), and (3) a 1,2-quinonediazide compound The compns. show good photosensitivity and developability and provide high resolution patterns with good thermal resistance and dimensional stability. Thus, a photoresist was prepared by using m-cresol-p-cresol-HCHO novolak resin (dimer content 4.7%), 1,2-naphthoquinonediazido-5-sulfonic acid ester of 2,3,4-trihydroxybenzophenone, and Ph 2,3,4-trihydroxybenzoate.

TT 65238-98-9

(photoresist containing quinonediazide compound and)

65338-98-9 HCAPLUS RN

CM Pentacyclo[19.3.1.13,7.19,13.115,19]octacosa-

1(25), 3, 5, 7(28), 9, 11, 13(27), 15, 17, 19(26), 21, 23-dodecaene-4,6,10,12,16,18,22,24-octol, 2,8,14,20-tetramethyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

IC ICM G03F007-022

ICS G03F007-023; H01L021-027

CC 74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)

Section cross-reference(s): 76

quinonediazide compd photoresist; cresol novolak resin photoresist; polyhydric compd photoresist

Phenolic resins, uses

(novolak, photoresists containing)

25053-98-9, m-Cresol-formaldehyde-3,5-xvlenol copolymer 27029-76-1, m-Cresol-p-cresol-formaldehyde copolymer 32737-33-0D, naphthoquinonediazidesulfonic acid ester 68510-93-0 107761-81-9, 2, 3, 4, 4'-Tetrahydroxybenzophenone

1,2-naphthoguinonediazide-5-sulfonate 112504-03-7. m-Cresol-p-cresol-formaldehyde-3,5-xylenol copolymer

114651-28-4, m-Cresol-formaldehyde-2,3,5-trimethylphenol copolymer 124586-80-7,

2,4,6,3',5'-Biphenylpentol 1,2-naphthoguinonediazide-5-sulfonate (photoresist containing)

77-08-7 500-38-9, Nordihydroguaiaretic acid 1506-76-9 24582-50-1 65338-98-9 99353-03-4 128197-51-3.

1,1-(5,5'-Diacetyl-2,3,4,2',3',4'-hexahydroxy)diphenylethane

139545-12-3 139545-14-5 139545-15-6 139545-17-8 139545-18-9 147170-10-3 147170-11-4 147170-13-6 147170-12-5 147170-14-7

147170-15-8 147170-16-9

(photoresist containing quinonediazide compound and)

L35 ANSWER 47 OF 50 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1992:560915 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 117:160915 ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 117:27633a,27636a

TITLE: Positive-working photoresist composition

INVENTOR(S): Kawabe, Yasumasa; Tan, Shiro; Kuboyama, Reiko

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Japan SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkvo Koho, 10 pp. CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 03279957	A	19911211	JP 1990-80027	19900328
			<	
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1990-80027	19900328
			<	

ED Entered STN: 17 Oct 1992

GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.

AB The title pos.-working photoresist composition contains the 1,2naphthoguinonediazido-5-(and/or-4-) sulfonic acid ester of the polyhydric compds., (I; R1 - R4 = H, OH, halo, alkyl, aryl, aralkyl, alkoxy, alkenyl, aryl, alkoxycarbonyl, CN, NO2; ≥1 of R2 - R4 is OH; R5, R6 = H, alkyl, aryl; X = single bond or OCH2; n = 3-8) or (II; R7 - R10 = same as R1 - R4 above; ≥ of R7 - R10 in OH; R11, R12 = H, alkyl, aryl; X = single bond, OCH2; n = 3-8) and an alkali-soluble resin. The photoresist has high sensitivity and give high resolution patterns.

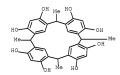
65338-98-9P

(preparation and reaction of, in preparation of photoresist component)

65338-98-9 HCAPLUS RN

CN Pentacyclo[19.3.1.13,7.19,13.115,19]octacosa-

1(25),3,5,7(28),9,11,13(27),15,17,19(26),21,23-dodecaene-4,6,10,12,16,18,22,24-octol, 2,8,14,20-tetramethyl- (CA INDEX NAME)



ICM G03F007-022 IC

ICS H01L021-027

CC 74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)

Section cross-reference(s): 76

ST pos photoresist naphthoquinodiazidosulfonate

Semiconductor devices

(fabrication of, high resolution protectist for) 1506-76-9P 65338-98-9P

(preparation and reaction of, in preparation of photoresist component.)

143637-17-6P

(preparation of, as photoresist component)

143637-35-8P

(preparation of, photoresist composition containing)

L35 ANSWER 48 OF 50 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1991:92279 HCAPLUS Full-text DOCUMENT NUMBER: 114:92279

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 114:15565a,15568a

TITLE: New columnar liquid crystals. Correlation between

molecular structure and mesomorphic behavior Bonsignore, S.; Cometti, G.; Dalcanale, E.; Du

Vosel, A.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Ist. G. Donegani, Novara, I-28100, Italy SOURCE:

Liquid Crystals (1990), 8(5), 639-49

CODEN: LICRE6; ISSN: 0267-8292

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

ED Entered STN: 09 Mar 1991

GI

AUTHOR(S):

AB The effect of mol. structural changes on the mesomorphic nature of a new class of macrocyclic columnar liquid crystals is reported. Twenty-six new compds. with general mol. structure I were prepared, characterized and compared. Only dodecasubstituted ester derivs. exhibit thermotropic mesophases. The design of mesogens based on these new, unusual macrocyclic cores requires the presence of the following structural elements: 12 aliphatic side chains, esters as bridging units and small R groups on the core. 131356-38-2P 131433-88-0P 131484-82-7P

(liquid crystal, preparation and transition temps. of)

131356-38-2 HCAPLUS RN

CN Benzoic acid, 4-(heptyloxy)-, 2,8,14,20tetramethylpentacyclo[19.3.1.13,7.19,13.115,19]octacosa-1(25), 3, 5, 7(28), 9, 11, 13(27), 15, 17, 19(26), 21, 23-dodecaene-4,6,10,12,16,18,22,24-octayl ester, stereoisomer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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RN 131433-88-0 HCAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4-(dodecyloxy)-,

10/531,208

2,8,14,20-tetramethylpentacyclo[19.3.1.13,7.19,13.115,19]octacosa-1(25),3,5,7(28),9,11,13(27),15,17,19(26),21,23-dodecaene-4,6,10,12,16,18,22,24-octayl ester, stereoisomer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-B

--- (CH2)11-Me

RN 131484-82-7 HCAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4-(hexadecyloxy)-, 2,8,14,20-tetramethylpentacyclo[19.3.1.13,7.19,13.115,19]octacosa-1(25),3,5,7(28),9,11,13(27),15,17,19(26),21,23-dodecaene-4,6,10,12,16,18,22,24-octayl ester, stereoisomer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Me— (CH₂)₁₅— Me— (CH₂)₁₅— Me

Me— (CH₂)₁₅— Me

Me— (CH₂)₁₅— Me

Me— (CH₂)₁₅— Me

- (CH2)15-Me

- (CH2)15-Me

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75-11 (Crystallography and Liquid Crystals)
                            126769-45-7P
126769-43-5P 126769-44-6P
                                           126769-46-8P
126769-47-9P
             126966-78-7P
                            126966-79-8P
                                         126966-83-4P
131256-92-3P
             131356-36-0P
                            131356-37-1P 131356-38-2P
131356-39-3P
             131356-40-6P
                            131356-41-7P
                                         131356-43-9P
131383-05-6P
             131383-06-7P
                            131383-07-8P
                                           131433-83-5P
131433-84-6P
             131433-85-7P
                            131433-86-8P
                                         131433-87-9P
131433-88-0P 131484-82-7P
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(liquid crystal, preparation and transition temps. of)

L35 ANSWER 49 OF 50 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1990:138443 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 112:138443 ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 112:23391a,23394a

TITLE: Characterization of high-molecular-weight

macrocycles by desorption chemical-ionization mass

spectrometry

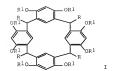
AUTHOR(S): Guglielmetti, Gianfranco; Dalcanale, Enrico; Bonsignore, Stefanio; Vincenti, Marco

CORPORATE SOURCE: Ist. Guido Donegani S.p.A., Novara, 28100, Italy SOURCE: Rapid Communications in Mass Spectrometry (1989),

3(4), 106-9 CODEN: RCMSEF; ISSN: 0951-4198

CODEN: RCMSEF; ISSN: 0951-DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English
ED Entered STN: 13 Apr 1990



- AB A series of multiarmed macrocycles [I; R = (CH2)nMe; R1 = (CH2)nMe, CO(CH2)nMe, COC6H4(CH2)nMe-p, COC6H4O(CH2)nMe-p) with mol. wts. up to 4400 Da was studied by desorption chemical ionization. Both neg.—and pos.—ion spectra exhibited excellent signal—to-noise ratio, despite the limited amount of material sampled (0.1—1 pmol). The mol. ions generally represent the base peaks of the spectra, but the extent of fragmentation increases as the source temperature is raised.
- IT 131722-10-9
 - (neg.-ion desorption chemical-ionization mass spectrum of)
- RN 121722-10-9 HCAPLUS
- CN Benzoic acid, 4-(hexadecyloxy)-, 2,8,14,20-tetramethylpentacyclo[19.3.1.13,7.19,13.115,19]octacosa-1(25),3,5,7(28),9,11,13(27),15,17,19(26),21,23-dodecaene-4,6,10,12,16,18,22,24-octayl ester, stereoisomer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

- (CH2)15-Me

- (CH2)15-Me

CC 22-8 (Physical Organic Chemistry) Section cross-reference(s): 80

IT 121722-10-9 125691-68-1

(neg.-ion desorption chemical-ionization mass spectrum of)

L35 ANSWER 50 OF 50 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1989:468077 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 111:68077

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 111:11331a,11334a

TITLE: Macrocyclic tetramers having columnar

tridimensional mesophases
INVENTOR(S): Dalcanale, Enrico; Bonsig

S): Dalcanale, Enrico; Bonsignore, Stefanio; Du Vosel,

Annick

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Montedison S.p.A., Italy SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 13 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

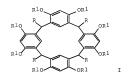
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
EP 300800	A1	19890125	EP 1988-306722	19880721
EP 300800	B1	19911016		
R: CH, DE,	FR, GB, IT	, LI, NL		

US 4918217	A	19900417	US 1988-221609		19880720
CA 1289968	C	19911001	CA 1988-572566		19880720
JP 01104029	A	19890421	JP 1988-182748		19880721
JP 05029389	В	19930430			
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			IT 1987-21370	A	19870721

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 111:68077 ED Entered STN: 20 Aug 1989



AB The title macrocyclic tetramers, which form stable, columnar, tridimensional mesophases, have the formula I (R = C1-3 alkyl; R1 = C1-10 alkylcarbonyl, C1-11 alkoxy-p-benzoyl, or C1-11 alkyl-p-benzoyl). These compds. are useful in memory devices, nonlinear optical devices, and electrooptical display devices. Thus, 3,5,10,12,17,19,24,26-octadecanoyloxy-r-1,c-8,c-15,c-22tetramethyl[14]metacyclophane, prepared by reacting the 3,5,10,12,17,19,24,26octahydroxy derivative with palmitoyl chloride, showed a tridimensional columnar mesophase-isotropic phase transition.

ΙT 121722-09-6P 121722-10-9P

(preparation of, having columnar tridimensional mesophase for electrooptical display applications)

121722-09-6 HCAPLUS CN Benzoic acid, 4-(dodecyloxy)-,

2,8,14,20-tetramethylpentacyclo[19.3.1.13,7.19,13.115,19]octacosa-1(25), 3, 5, 7(28), 9, 11, 13(27), 15, 17, 19(26), 21, 23-dodecaene-4,6,10,12,16,18,22,24-octayl ester, stereoisomer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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RN 121722-10-9 HCAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4-(hexadecyloxy)-,

10/531,208

2,8,14,20-tetramethylpentacyclo[19.3.1.13,7.19,13.115,19]octacosa-1(25),3,5,7(28),9,11,13(27),15,17,19(26),21,23-dodecaene-4,6,10,12,16,18,22,24-octayl ester, stereoisomer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-B

--- (CH2)15-Me

10/531,208

PAGE 2-A

IC

ICM C07C069-33 ICS C07C069-92; G02F001-13

CC 74-13 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes) Section cross-reference(s): 25, 75

121722-06-3P 121722-07-4P 121722-08-5P 121732-09-6P ΙT

121722-10-9P 121740-93-0P

(preparation of, having columnar tridimensional mesophase for electrooptical display applications)

=> d his nofile

L35

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               E C32H32/MF
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            39 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L28 OR L30
L31
L32
            26 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L31 AND (1840-2003)/PRY,AY,PY
L33
            26 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L29 AND (PHOTORESIST? OR PHOTO RESIST?
             OR LIGHTRESIST? OR LIGHT RESIST?)
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L34
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